THE ANTIOCH NEWS.

Pledged to The Republican Policy of Reciprocity and Protection to American Industries, as Formulated in The Repblican National Platform.

Vol. XIII, No. 36. *Antioch, Illinois, Thursday, May 10, 1900.* ONE DOLLAR PER YEAR IN ADVANCE
J. J. BURKE Editor and Prop.

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CAPITAL NEWS LETTER.

(From Our Regular Correspondent.)

WASHINGTON, May 7, 1900.

There is marked uneasiness among the Bryanites in congress. They profess confidence that they will have three-fourths of the Kansas City convention, but they cannot hide their fear of the result of the plotting of the anti-Bryan democrats, which everybody knows to be going on. Anti-Bryan democrats drop into Washington and let fall mysterious hints about a great political surprise that is going to be sprung on their party in their near future, and it is known that a conference is to be held by them in New York City inside of ten days, but it is hardly likely that they expect to be able to keep Mr. Bryan out of the nomination. What they are really after is probably to frighten the Bryanites into agreeing to a modification of the Chicago platform, especially the 16 to 1 plank.

Speculation is rife as to the cause of the action of some senators in opposing the speedy disposition of the resolution declaring Senator Clark, of Montana, not entitled to the seat he now holds, and all sorts of stories are being circulated, some of them not complimentary to some senators. Mr. Clark and his friends would be very glad if the case should be allowed to go over to the next session, and it is said to be the hope that it may be which has prevented Mr. Clark tendering his resignation. He would be willing to do almost anything to keep from giving the governor of Montana a chance to fill the seat with a temporary appointment.

The time within which ratifications of the Nicaragua canal treaty may be exchanged has been extended seven months fron August 5, next. This action was taken because of the certainty that the senate would not act upon the treaty at this session.

As a leader who does not lead, Senator Jones, of Arkansas, is a shining success. Less than a week after he had publicly declared that the democrats would keep congress in session all summer, before they would allow the propositions favorably endorsed by the military committee—to make the senior major general, commanding the army hold the rank and draw the pay of lieutenant general; to give the adjutant general of the army the rank of major general, to increase the artillery branch of the regular army and to add 100 cadets to the number now appointed to West Point—to go through the senate, the bill was passed. Probably because he saw that his bluff had failed, Senator Jones absented himself when he knew the army reorganization bill, which contained all of the above propositions, and more, looking toward the betterment of our army, was to come up, and the bill was passed without a division. The democrats mustered eight votes against the lieutenant generalcy clause of the bill and thirteen against the West Point increase, which convinced them of the uselessness of further opposition.

The senate naval committee has decided in favor of an amendment to the naval appropriation bill, authorizing the purchase of five submarine torpedo boats of the Holland type, and the sentiment in both senate and house indicates that the amendment will go through.

Representative Brosius, chairman of the house committee on banking and currency, made an interesting statement, based upon official figures furnished by the treasury department, on the working of the financial law enacted by the present congress. It shows that the total amount of bonds refunded, under the law, up to May 1, was $260,020,750, upon which the saving in interest was $32,699,225, and the premiums paid $26,034,771, leaving the net saving to the government by refunding $6,664,454. The net saving represents the difference between the amount of interest the government will pay upon the bonds refunded to the date of their respective maturities, and the amount of interest the government would have been obliged to pay had the bonds not been refunded. The report shows that the total number of applications for charters for national banks, under the new law, which have been approved, is 244, with a capital of $8,380,000. The total number of applications on file for authority to organize national banks, is 508, the total applications for the conversion of old banks into national banks, is 382, making a total of all kinds of new bank organizations of 890. Mr. Brosius estimates, based upon their expressed intentions, $121,788,858, as the amount of currency the national banks may issue in the near future.

Senator Allison very seldom makes a statement about the business of the senate, but when he does it carries weight. When asked what he thought of the claim of Senator Morgan that the senate would take up and pass the Nicarngua canal bill, which was passed by the house last week, Mr. Allison said: "Senator Morgan is very much in earnest in this matter, but I fear he is letting his enthusiasm run away with his judgment. He is an able man and a fine senator, but he is not running the U. S. senate at present. The senate is now in control of the republican party, and we do not propose to allow our fixed purposes to be either shunted off on a tangent, or arrested in development. We want to adjourn in six weeks or less time, and we cannot permit new legislation to be brought forward and thus probably prolong the session beyond the time we have determined upon bringing it to a close."

THE WORKMAN'S CORNER

This column will be devoted to the interests of the working man as outlined by our Waukegan correspondent.

"A Principle Involved."

Such was the answer of a union bricklayer of Chicago out of a job to a question put by a bystander. The "principle involved" was not explained by the union man and the conversation drifted into generalities of no especial interest here.

There is no question about the fact that the general public are in sympathy with the labor unions, but it is a question whether the general public are in sympathy with their present methods of obtaining these demands or the demands in question. The contractors have made public their consent to $4.00 per day of eight hours, but not to a limited amount of work per man per day as required by the union trades council; nor will they consent to union rules in the purchase of materials.

The walking delegate, or business agent is also objectionable, as it seems, an insurmountable one as the contractors will not tolerate them. Instances have been shown during the pending struggle where vexatious loss of time occurred and interference of work by these business agents, as well as pecuniary loss by their arbitrary and apparently senseless conduct. It appears that the contractors are determined on this point. Would a "business agent" on board ship at sea, performing in like manner, be tolerated for one moment? How quickly he would be in irons as a mutioneer and his career suddenly closed.

It is not so many years ago when a long and bitter strife occurred over the ten hour demand for a day's work, but if I remember right it took on more of an open political character before it finally become a law. It is somewhat doubtful whether the general public are prepared to adopt an eight hour day at this time. Many small cities are consenting to nine hour day at ten hour's pay.

When one remembers the long days of a few years ago, the series of store pay and exacting work in the factories of the east, we are ready to exclaim, surely the cause of labor has made vast strides in its behalf in recent years, but it may not be attributed to the action of unions wholly, for as society becomes enlightened its wants or demands are consented to as matter of right and not by force. When we contemplate upon the condition of labor in other countries and former times in this country we almost wonder what has made this favorable difference. And what else than our superior civilization by reason of our schools and colleges and excellent laws?

From the nature of capital as against labor it must be, to use a familiar expression, the "boss." The borrower is subject to the lender. The laborer will be required to render an equivalent for his pay, and unless society greatly changes must continue indifiditely. Sometimes a bad political policy is adopted as it was some years ago when soup houses were in demand. Coxey's army marching from the far west to Washington for—the Lord knows what—and distress generally. Unions and labor forces generally could'nt force capital out of its strong boxes. Was it not rather begging for something to do regardless of time or price?

The strike in Chicago is beginning to pinch the poor man and his family. The funds of the unions, to which he has contributed, are exhausted as well as the savings and credit of its members. They alone are not the only victims of this ill advised affair but it extends into all kinds of business, and at last some of the less discreet, if not vicious, members are up against the law with a fair prospect that the leaders will be called upon to explain the "principles involved."

"After suffering from severe dyspepsia over twelve years and using many remedies without permanent good I finally took Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. It did me so much good I recommended it to everyone," writes J. E. Watkins, Clerk and Recorder, Chillicothe, Mo. It digests what you eat. Wm. T. Hill.

Pauperism in London.

The very latest statistics on London pauperism are not encouraging. A review of the last twelve months shows that although for four successive years the British metropolis has experienced good trade and open winters, there was no great diminution in the number seeking relief under the poor law. On the other hand, for the first four months the mass of pauperism was greater than it was for the same period of 1898, and stood at a higher figure than in more than half of the previous 42 years during which a record has been kept.

"I had stomach trouble twenty years and gave up hope of being cured till I began to use Kodol Dyspepsia Cure. It has done me so much good I call it the savior of my life," writes W. R. Wilkinson, Albany, Tenn. It digests what you eat. Wm. T. Hill.

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The Antioch News.

J. J. BURKE, Publisher.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS.

SUMMARY OF NEWS.

Joseph Bays, a young farmer, who lived a few miles southwest of Hopkins, Mo., died of eating eggs. He made a bet with a friend that he could eat three dozen eggs. He did it. He was taken ill a few hours later, and the doctors were unable to relieve him.

A street car, filled with Dewey celebrators, was blown from the track and wrecked on the outskirts of St. Louis in a lonely spot. An examination of the track showed that it had been coated for a distance by a layer of nitroglycerin and some other substance.

Officials of the Northwestern Elevated Railroad Company in Chicago have announced that the 153 union workmen who went on a strike on the road a few weeks ago have been taken back to work under an agreement conceding every point to the unions.

At Louisville, Ky., George E. Holman, a printer, cut his wife's throat, possibly fatally, and rushed from his house and shot Leonard Holstein, a neighbor. But for a button on Holstein's coat, which turned the course of the bullet, Holstein would have been killed.

J. F. Valentine of San Francisco, first vice-president of the Molders' International Union of America, has succeeded in effecting a temporary settlement of the trouble in the foundries of Akron, Ohio, and the men who have been out on strike have returned to work.

Consul General Holloway at St. Petersburg reports to the State Department that Russian trade last year showed a decrease of $68,134,500 as compared with the preceding year. This is attributed to the reduction of export trade in consequence of the bad harvests.

Telegrams received from Gen. Young report that Aguinaldo has rejoined the rebel general, Tino, in the north, and that they have reassembled a considerable force in the mountains. Gen. Young desires to strike them before the rains and asks for re-enforcements from Manila.

A washed-out trestle leading to the Black bridge, south of St. Charles, Mo., caused the wreck of the "Katy flyer," a fast passenger train on the Missouri, Kansas and Texas Railway, and resulted in the death of John Boyle, fireman, with the fatal injury of L. D. Palmer, engineer.

At Glasgow, Ky., fire destroyed the business part of town, causing a loss of $150,000. It began in Raubould's store and residence, and extending southward destroyed everything, including the Methodist Church, the telephone exchange, the Republican newspaper office and both telegraph offices.

A three-story brick building at 1302 Grand avenue, in the business center of Kansas City, occupied on the ground floor by Jacob Goodman as a second-hand store and above by Mrs. Mary Sonn as a rooming house, collapsed, burying seven persons in the ruins. It is believed none of the injured will die.

The Mississippi Valley Hay Storage Company and the lumber yards of the Hofner-Lothman Manufacturing Company, located at Branch and Second streets, St. Louis, were destroyed by fire. The total loss is estimated at $350,000, of which the hay company sustains about $40,000 and the Hofner-Lothman Manufacturing Company the remainder.

Jacob De Haven loaned the Government of the United States $50,000 123 years ago, and now Uncle Sam is to pay the money to his heirs after litigation which has been carried on for generations. The claim against the Government, with interest, amounts to $3,000,000, and this is to be divided among the De Haven heirs, of whom there are several in Chicago.

A fire that started at the river end of the Mallory line steamship pier, at the foot of Maiden Lane and the East river, New York, completely destroyed the pier and its valuable contents. The police place the loss at $1,000,000. Several barges which were moored near the pier were also destroyed. The 9-months-old daughter of Capt. Charles Lochs of the barge Sherwood was drowned.

The standing of the clubs in the National League is as follows:

	W.	L.		W.	L.
Philadelphia	10	5	Pittsburg	7	8
Cincinnati	9	5	Chicago	7	9
Brooklyn	9	6	New York	5	9
St. Louis	7	8	Boston	5	9

In the American League the standings are:

	W.	L.		W.	L.
Milwaukee	11	4	Buffalo	7	6
Indianapolis	9	5	Kansas City	6	10
Chicago	9	6	Minneapolis	6	12
Cleveland	7	6	Detroit	4	10

BREVITIES.

Three persons were killed and many injured by a railway collision near Chaville, France.

Fire destroyed the plant of the Reed Fertilizer Company at Eastwood, N. Y. Loss $50,000.

A plot has been discovered to blow up one of the electric lighting plants of the Paris exposition.

The Y. M. C. A. at Leavenworth, Kan., dedicated a new hall, built especially for its use at a cost of over $15,000.

Ex-Congressman David B. Culberson, father of United States Senator Culberson, is dead at Jefferson, Texas.

Burglars entered the First National Bank of East Brady, Pa., and blew open the safe, taking everything in sight, including pennies. The loss is estimated at $10,000. There is no clew to the robbers.

With impressive ceremonies the crown prince of Germany took the oath and received the congratulations of many foreign rulers.

A bulletin issued by the Ohio State Board of Agriculture estimates the prospective wheat crop of the State at only 41 per cent of an average, or about 10,000,000 to 18,000,000 bushels.

William Crowninshield Endicott, Secretary of War in President Cleveland's first administration and one of the foremost lawyers and orators of the East, died at his winter home in Boston, of pneumonia.

EASTERN.

Francis Gilbert Atwood, well-known illustrator, is dead at Jamaica Plains, Mass.

Miss Ethel Barrymore is to marry Charles D. Wetmore, a New York architect, and will leave the stage.

Officials and strikers of the New York Central Railway have reached an agreement and the men will return to work.

The Philadelphia City National Bank has decided to merge with the Philadelphia National Bank. Its capital is $400,000.

The death is announced at New Vernon, N. J., of Mrs. Jennie M. Drinkwater Conklin, widely known as a writer of books for girls.

William Franklin Miller, the head of the notorious 520 per cent "Franklin syndicate" swindle, was sentenced to ten years at hard labor in Sing Sing.

The Philadelphia, Wilmington and Baltimore express struck a wagon containing five persons at Orangeville, Md., and killed four, the fifth being seriously hurt.

Edward O. Leech, former director of the mint, who underwent an operation for appendicitis in Mount Sinai hospital, New York, on April 12, died in that institution.

A fierce forest fire has been raging in the woods between Cedarville and Center Grove, N. J. Thousands of acres of valuable oak and pine have been burned and the loss will be enormous.

The month of April was a record breaker for the making of coins at the Philadelphia mint. The total number of pieces of money made was 9,831,100, the value of which is $12,954,480.

The total receipts for liquor licenses in New York City for the coming year are $4,859,815. This is $6,000 more than was paid last year, and includes the fees for licenses from saloons, hotels, restaurants, drug stores and clubs.

Frederick V. Bowers has brought suit in New York against his wife for absolute divorce, naming George M. Pullman as corespondent. He also brings action against Pullman for $500,000 for alleged alienation of his wife's affections.

Another leap from the Brooklyn bridge into the East river and to death was made by Edward M. Bryant. He did it at the behest of a newspaper in Park Row, which published the full details simultaneously with the daring descent.

A fire which started in the industrial school building on Randall's Island, New York, caused a panic among the children in the children's hospital, which stood next to the burning building. The industrial school was burned to the ground. No one was injured.

Francis T. Walton, known as "the plunger," opened his new hotel, the Victoria, in New York, a few days ago and at the same time started in to starve himself. For twenty-one days he continued his fast. It was done to cure his rheumatism, and effected the object.

The American Ax and Tool Company has purchased thirty-eight acres of river frontage at Glassport, near Pittsburg, and will erect thereon a $500,000 plant, the largest of its kind ever built. The works will employ 1,000 men and will begin operation before the end of the year.

WESTERN.

Capt. George Ritchey died at the soldiers' home at Fort Leavenworth, Kan., aged 62.

The jury in the case of Brigham H. Roberts of Utah, on trial for polygamy, has disagreed.

Democrats won in the St. Paul municipal election, R. A. Smith being chosen mayor by a good majority.

Grantsburg, Ill., was almost totally destroyed by fire. Only two business houses, the postoffice and a saloon were left standing.

At Marietta, Ohio, the Phoenix flouring mill and grain elevator burned to the ground with all the contents. Loss $100,000, insurance $30,000.

Emma Stelz, 34 years old, was shot and almost instantly killed by Mrs. Albert Hodst in the latter's saloon at 1626 North Clark street, Chicago. Jealousy, it is said, was the cause.

At Leavenworth, Kan., Mrs. Buena Vista Hulter, daughter of Judge Byrnes of the Platte County, Mo., District Court, shot and instantly killed herself while temporarily insane.

At Steubenville, Ohio, fire nearly destroyed the plant of the Steubenville Wall Paper Company and machinery; also a half-million rolls of wall paper. The loss is $50,000; fully insured.

Fred Bortzmeyer, a young man who arrived at San Francisco from Cleveland, Ohio, a few days ago, was shot and fatally wounded by a highwayman who secured $90 before he fired at his victim.

At Findlay, Ohio, a vein of zinc was found at a depth of 900 feet by workmen drilling for oil. The vein is thirty feet thick. Great excitement prevails. Optimists claim the Joplin field will be rivaled.

In a quarrel near Niobrara, Neb., Bird Head, a Ponca Indian, was killed by Harry Laravie, same tribe. Laravie gave himself up to Bird Head's father, who first shot him dead and then crushed his head with an ax.

Harry Burke, a student in Cincinnati University, received a fatal injury while vaulting over a ten-foot barrier. The pole broke and he fell back, striking the upper part of his spinal column on the top of the broken pole.

The East Side rolling mills at Toledo, Ohio, a part of the Republic Iron and Steel Company's system, have shut down indefinitely, throwing 300 men out of work. Lack of orders is given as the cause of the suspension.

Miss Anna Ebker, aged 26, of Dayton, Ohio, committed suicide by hanging. Her faithful dog would not leave the scene, but by howling attracted Miss Ebker's brother. His arrival, however, was too late to save his sister's life.

The united Christian party, organized at Rock Island, Ill., nominated as its first candidates for the presidency and vice-presidency of the United States Rev. Silas C. Swallow of Harrisburg, Pa., and John G. Woolley of Chicago.

More than 200 men were killed and more than a score of others will be crippled for life as the result of an explosion in tunnel No. 4 of the Pleasant Valley coal mines, located at Winter Quarters, 100 miles south of Salt Lake City, Utah.

Reports received by John W. Springer, president of the National Live Stock Association, show that the spring storms have been very destructive to cows and calves on the range. Some Colorado points report a loss of 10 per cent in young stock.

The house of Mrs. Katurah Alldredge at Mount Vernon, Ind., was wrecked by a dynamite explosion. Mrs. Alldredge and her 5-year-old daughter were thrown from their bed, but neither was hurt. The police are at a loss to understand the motive for the crime.

The through passenger train from the east on the Great Northern was thrown from the track in the yards at Great Falls, Mont. Passengers in one car were badly shaken up, but no serious damage was done. Strikers claim that they had nothing to do with it.

Near Howell's, Neb., Joseph Slama went to the house of Frank Chady, a neighbor, and shot the latter as he lay in his bed after driving other inmates from the house. Slama then went to the Catholic cemetery and killed himself. The men had long been enemies.

The small town of Barrett, Minn., was burned awny the other night. Fire is supposed to have been of incendiary origin. There was no fire protection, and twenty-three buildings burned to the ground. The combined losses are nearly $60,000, with light insurance.

George Hilderbrand, night watchman at the Val Blatz brewery, Union and Erie streets, Chicago, was seized and bound hand and foot by five masked cracksmen, who dynamited the office safe and secured more than $700 in currency. They escaped with their booty.

Cincinnati architectural iron workers have decided to strike because their demands had been acceded to by but one firm, the Stewart Company, whose employes are not in the union. About 800 men are involved. The demand is for a nine-hour day, with the same wages as is paid for ten hours.

The Chicago police are looking for Thomas Neven, a 17-year-old boy, who is alleged to have robbed his widowed mother, Mrs. M. J. Neven, of gold nuggets, diamonds and valuable papers said to represent $70,000, after attempting to poison her in her apartments at 290 Illinois street, that city.

Four men were wounded, one probably fatally, during a labor riot on an Archer avenue car in Chicago. A dozen shots were fired, every window in the car was shattered and passengers fled, panic-stricken. The fighting was between coal heavers employed at the E. L. Hendstrom & Co. coal docks and seven strikers.

Aided by a high wind, fire destroyed sixteen buildings at Gladwin, Mich., including the Methodist Church, Michigan Central depot, Brunswick Hotel and the city hose house, causing a total loss of $50,000. The fire originated in a billiard hall, and Albert Bergen, who slept there, is believed to have been burned to death.

Jack Lynch, an employe at Long Cliff, near Logansport, Ind., while returning to the hospital was assaulted and robbed by four tramps on the Wabash Railway bridge. The men rifled Lynch's pockets and then threw him into the river below, a distance of thirty-five feet. The water was shallow, or Lynch would have been drowned.

Fire broke out in the engine room of the Beaver Dam, Wis., Malleable Iron Works and destroyed the plant, with a loss of over $100,000. The fire also communicated to the freight depot of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway, which, with five loaded cars and contents, was also destroyed with a loss of $10,000.

The coremakers at the O. S. Kelley Company, Springfield, Ohio, went out on strike, demanding a uniform schedule of $2.25 per day. The men at the Architectural iron works, Grey Iron Foundry Company, E. W. Ross Company, Bettendorf Metal Wheel Company and the Armstrong Foundry Company, about 250 in all, also went out.

The dead body of Bertha Hoffman, aged 19, the daughter of a Peoria cigar manufacturer, was found in the woods near Prospect Heights. There was a bullet wound in her head and her right hand clutched a revolver. Charles Briggs has been arrested on suspicion. Briggs told the police that the girl committed suicide while out riding with him.

Judge Lochren in the United States Circuit Court at St. Paul remanded Rafael Ortiz, the Porto Rican, back to Stillwater prison. In his decision Judge Lochren held that by the cession of Porto Rico that island became an integral part of the United States and that the Federal constitution thereupon, ex propria vigore, extended over the island and its people.

The flood in the Platte river caused by the bursting of the Denver, Colo., Union Water Company's diverting dam on Goose creek, is subsiding. The total loss from the washing out of railroad tracks in Platte canyon, destruction of bridges, flooding of ranches and gardens is estimated at $40,000, and the water company estimates the damage to its works at $7,500.

Under order of the District Court the receivers of the Walter A. Wood Harvester Company held an auction sale at St. Paul, Minn., of all property remaining in their hands, including the plants at St. Paul and Minneapolis, sites, lands, machinery, tools and outstanding accounts. The amount realized was $233,645. The property has an estimated value of $1,000,000.

William H. Lantz, 30 years old, shot and killed May Edwards, his sweetheart, in a wine room in the saloon of William Schwartz, 908 West Madison street, Chicago. Before persons in the place could interfere he turned the weapon upon himself and sent a bullet into his brain. The murder and suicide were the outcome of a series of quarrels between Lantz and Miss Edwards.

SOUTHERN.

William T. Willey, former United States Senator from West Virginia, is dead at Morgantown, W. Va., aged 88.

Robert and William Chambers were shot and killed by T. B. Abbey at Webb, Miss., in an altercation with negroes for whom they were searching.

At Athens, Ga., James Chapman, aged 15, amused himself by throwing stones at some girls returning from school. One of the girls answered the attack, striking him with a bowlder, which crushed his skull. He died.

Ten years ago H. T. Steffey of Rising Fawn, Ga., was stricken with paralysis and completely lost his faculty of speech. The other day while handling an electrical apparatus he received a severe shock which entirely restored his speech.

At Logan, W. Va., more than 500 persons witnessed a fight between a wildcat and a bulldog. Several hundred dollars was bet on the mill. The dog was killed at the end of thirty minutes and the cat was uninjured. The fight occurred in a wire cage fifteen feet square.

Robert and William Chambers, two prominent young men of Webb, Miss., went to the plantation of T. B. Abbey to search for some negroes. They met Abbey, and in an altercation Abbey shot and killed them both. Abbey has the reputation of a quiet and peaceful citizen.

On the Gainesville, Jefferson and Southern Railway, at Belmont, Ga., a passenger coach became detached from the train and ran down the track four miles across the high trestle over Walnut creek. Beyond the trestle on a sharp curve the car jumped the track. Several people in the coach received serious injuries.

FOREIGN.

Barrie, the novelist, has decided not to run for Parliament.

Sir George White is to be made governor of Gibraltar.

French troops have occupied Igli, near the Morocco frontier.

A new cable is to be laid between Ireland and the Faro Islands.

Sir Henry Stanley will not seek reelection to parliament, his health being poor.

A dispatch from Bonn says that Michael Munkacsy, the celebrated painter, died in an asylum there.

According to London advices negotiations for the sale of the Danish West Indies have been broken off.

Bribery in the granting of concessions at the Paris exposition has been revealed and Director General Picard is said to be implicated.

Ismael Kemal Bey has sought refuge on an English warship at Constantinople and its commander refuses to surrender him to the Sultan.

There are persistent rumors that Aguinaldo has been killed by the Igorattes. There is no proof that he has been alive since Maj. March pursued him into the Benquet mountains.

The American garrison of Catubig, Island of Samar, consisting of thirty men belonging to the Forty-third regiment, has been attacked by rebels. Twenty of the Americans were killed. The remainder were rescued.

IN GENERAL.

Senor Mora has resigned as Mayor of Havana.

Gen. Brooke is to succeed Gen. Merritt as commander of the department of the East.

Henry M. Flagler, the Standard Oil magnate, has sued for divorce from his insane wife.

Edward E. Rice, theatrical manager, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, scheduling $91,610 liabilities and no assets.

Francis E. Brooks, a machinist of London, Ont., is said to have fallen heir to a California estate valued at $9,000,000.

Detectives working on the Welland canal case say they have found evidence of a plot involving Fenian and Boer organizations.

Dr. Dowie was informed by Secretary Gage that he was not violating the law in bringing lace makers from Nottingham on contract, that being a new industry.

Four Italians while charging a hole with dynamite on section No. 17 of the Rainy River Railroad, near Port Arthur, Ont., were blown to atoms by the premature explosion of the dynamite.

Two Canadian Pacific freight trains running at full speed collided in a rock cut at Spanish river. Brakeman Cote was killed. It is said the operator fell asleep and the accident resulted. The damage will be $50,000.

President McKinley has issued a proclamation extending for six months from April 11 the time allowed Spanish subjects in the Philippines to depart or declare their allegiance in accordance with the treaty of Paris.

The Baltimore and Ohio Southwestern has a strike on of large proportions. All the section men and extra gangs from St. Louis to Parkersburg, W. Va., have gone out. About three thousand men refused to go to work on a recent morning. They demand $1.50 a day. The section men have been receiving $1.15 and extra men $1.25.

Secretary Long has written a letter to Captain F. E. Chadwick, reprimanding him for his criticisms of Rear Admiral Schley. After a careful study of the naval regulations the department officials were convinced that it was no offense against naval discipline for an officer to criticise another officer in a private conversation with a friend.

MARKET REPORTS.

Chicago—Cattle, common to prime, $3.00 to $5.75; hogs, shipping grades, $3.00 to $5.50; sheep, fair to choice, $3.00 to $5.75; wheat, No. 2 red, 65c to 67c; corn, No. 2, 38c to 40c; oats, No. 2, 22c to 24c; rye, No. 2, 53c to 54c; butter, choice creamery, 19c to 20c; eggs, fresh, 11c to 12c; new potatoes, Bermuda, $7.00 to $8.25 per barrel.

Indianapolis—Cattle, shipping, $3.00 to $5.75; hogs, choice light, $3.00 to $5.50; sheep, common to prime, $3.00 to $5.00; wheat, No. 2, 71c to 72c; corn, No. 2 white, 40c to 41c; oats, No. 2 white, 26c to 28c.

St. Louis—Cattle, $3.25 to $6.00; hogs, $3.00 to $5.50; sheep, $3.00 to $5.50; wheat, No. 2, 71c to 73c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 39c to 41c; oats, No. 2, 25c to 26c; rye, No. 2, 55c to 56c.

Cincinnati—Cattle, $2.50 to $5.75; hogs, $3.00 to $5.50; sheep, $2.50 to $4.75; wheat, No. 2, 74c to 75c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 42c to 44c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 25c to 27c; rye, No. 2, 60c to 62c.

Detroit—Cattle, $2.50 to $6.00; hogs, $3.00 to $5.75; sheep, $3.00 to $6.25; wheat, No. 2, 72c to 73c; corn, No. 2 yellow, 40c to 42c; oats, No. 2 white, 28c to 29c; rye, 60c to 62c.

Toledo—Wheat, No. 2 mixed, 73c to 75c; corn, No. 2 mixed, 40c to 42c; oats, No. 2 mixed, 24c to 26c; rye, No. 2, 57c to 58c; clover seed, old, $4.75 to $4.85.

Milwaukee—Wheat, No. 2 northern, 65c to 67c; corn, No. 3, 39c to 41c; oats, No. 2 white, 26c to 28c; rye, No. 2, 57c to 59c; barley, No. 2, 42c to 44c; pork, mess, $11.75 to $12.25.

Buffalo—Cattle, choice shipping steers, $3.00 to $6.00; hogs, fair to prime, $3.00 to $5.75; sheep, fair to choice, $3.00 to $5.50; lambs, common to extra, $4.50 to $7.75.

New York—Cattle, $3.25 to $6.00; hogs, $3.00 to $5.50; sheep, $3.00 to $6.75; wheat, No. 2 red, 80c to 81c; corn, No. 2, 45c to 46c; oats, No. 2 white, 29c to 31c; butter, creamery, 16c to 21c; eggs, western, 13c to 14c.

MANY MEN NOW OUT.

THOUSANDS ADDED TO RANKS OF THE STRIKERS.

Labor Troubles in Nearly All Parts of the Country—Building Trades Employes Especially Conspicuous—More Wages and Shorter Hours Demanded.

Strikes have recently been inaugurated in all parts of the country, except the extreme South and the Pacific slope. As a consequence, 20,000 idle men have been added to the thousands of building trades' workers and machinists long idle at Chicago and Cleveland, and to the strikers of New England, New York and other Eastern States, who have been out of work from two to four weeks. It is conservatively estimated that 75,000 union workmen are now on strike in various parts of this country. The latest additions to the list of strikers are as follows:

At Philadelphia—3,000 building trades workmen; for eight hours and 25 per cent increase in wages.

At Kansas City—1,000 hod-carriers, plasterers, tinners and quarrymen; for increase in wages.

At Buffalo, N. Y.—3,000 car repairers, 700 shop men, 1,000 freight handlers, 150 Bell telephone linemen, 300 exposition laborers; for increase of wages.

At Duluth, Minn.—700 building trades workers; for eight hours and increase in wages.

At Savannah, Ga.—800 building trades workers; for eight hours and increase in wages.

At Minneapolis, Minn.—1,100 woodworkers; for the discharge of non-union men.

At Omaah, Neb.—500 carpenters; for eight hours, increase in wages and exclusive use of union materials.

At Cincinnati—800 architectural iron workers; for nine hours at old pay.

At Racine, Wis.—250 carpenters, hod-carriers and masons; for eight hours and increase in wages.

At Denver, Colo.—700 carpenters; for eight hours and $3.50 per day.

At Pittsburg, Pa.—1,500 building trades workers; for eight hours and increase in wages.

At East St. Louis, Ill.—1,000 building trades workers; for increased wages.

At St. Paul, Minn.—500 union plumbers; for shorter day and increase in wages.

At Great Falls, Mont.—Freight conductors and brakemen; against the new schedule of wages.

At Ludington, Mich.—200 freight handlers; for increased wages.

At Detroit, Mich.—150 coremakers; for increased wages.

At Milwaukee, Wis.—100 carriage and wagon carpenters and 200 iron workers; for a new wage scale and against non-union men.

At Memphis, Tenn.—500 iron molders; for higher wages.

At Port Huron, Mich.—300 ship builders and machinists; for increased wages.

At Springfield, Ohio—250 ironworkers in six shops; for a uniform scale of wages.

At Barberton, Ohio—600 boilermakers and molders; for increased wages.

At Boston—2,500 brewery employes; to enforce the demands of engineers for eight hours and higher pay.

At Constable, N. J.—1,000 copper smelter employes; for nine hours.

BRANDFORT IS TAKEN.

Its Occupation by the British a Most Important Move.

News of the occupation of Brandfort was issued by the British war office Friday morning. It is generally considered the most important communication received from the front since the capture of Gen. Cronje and the relief of Ladysmith. The fact that the position gives the key to one of the main roads to the Drakensberg passes, which possibly may be the means of co-operation with Gen. Buller later on, provides an advance base of supplies, etc., and at the same time menaces the Boers now southeast of Bloemfontein, is obviously the reason for the importance attached by all hands to the intelligence.

The Boer army, which was at Brandfort, commanded by Gen. Delarey, is presumably retiring on Winburg, which will possibly be the next immediate objective of the British. Brandfort, thirty-five miles nearer the Transvaal capital, is now Lord Roberts' headquarters.

What particularly gratifies the British public is the evidence that the army of Lord Roberts in the Orange Free State has recovered its mobility and is again capable of undertaking the general advance so long retarded. It is hardly expected the Boers will make much of a stand south of Kroonstad, and possibly not there, if Lord Roberts succeeds in capturing Winburg, thus interposing between the main federal army and the Boer forces in the neighborhood of Thaba Nchu and Houtnek. In that case the later would be forced to move far to the eastward, in which direction their mobility would probably enable them to reach the Bethlehem and Harrisimith line of safety. The only opposition which the British encountered at Brandfort seems to have come from the Irish-American command.

Start for Cape Nome.

The steamship Jeanie sailed Monday from Seattle, Wash., for Cape Nome, Alaska, gold fields with eighty passengers and 400 tons of freight, the first ship of the season. Twenty-five steamships are scheduled to sail for Cape Nome in May, with 5,838 passengers and 25,225 tons of freight already booked, leaving only about 200 passengers open. The total earnings of the ships in May at ruling prices will exceed $1,500,000.

Charles Smith, a wealthy merchant, Brownsville, Neb., was shot twice the other night by his wife, who afterward shot herself. The man may recover.

The old home of Chief Justice Marshall, at Richmond, Va., is to be preserved as a memorial by an association incorporated recently by the Legislature of Virginia for that purpose.

Michael Cudahy, Chicago, has given $50,000 to the Catholic University of America at Washington. It is believed $1,000,000 will be raised within a year.

The French cruiser Chateau Renault made twenty-five knots on her speed trial.

Blairsville presbytery of Pennsylvania wants the creed revised.



Alaskan civil code bill passed the Senate on Tuesday, amendments being withdrawn. Harris' resolution passed concerning conservation of the water of the Arkansas river for the benefit of Colorado and Kansas. Tillman's resolution concerning tests of Krupp armor at Indian Head was agreed to. Consideration of army appropriation bill, carrying $114,951,590, was resumed. Lodge's amendment forbidding establishment of telegraph or cable lines in Alaska not owned and operated wholly by citizens of the United States was adopted. Berry's amendment giving preference to non-trust bidders on army contracts was defeated, 18 to 20. Stewart's amendment, "intended to prevent a Cuban cable monopoly," was rejected. In the House the entire day was devoted to consideration of the Nicaragua canal bill.

The Senate on Wednesday passed bill for the creation of linked memorial parks on the battlefields of Fredericksburg, Chancellorsville, the Wilderness and Spottsylvania, in Virginia. Received notice from Mr. Hoar that on Thursday he would call up the Clark contest case for consideration. Heard Mr. Mason in support of his proposition to enact legislation to prevent the adulteration of food. Devoted the rest of the day to debate on the army appropriation bill, with the treatment of American soldiers in the Philippines as the chief subject. The House by a vote of 225 to 35 passed bill providing for the construction of a protected but not a fortified Nicaragua canal.

On Thursday the Senate adopted the motion of Mr. Hoar to take up the resolution of the committee on elections declaring that Mr. Clark of Montana was not duly elected to the Senate and then postponed consideration of the question for a week. The army appropriation bill, after a rather spirited debate, was passed without division. The day closed with the passage of a number of private pension bills, including bills to pension Mrs. Julia MacV. Henry, widow of the late Gen. Guy V. Henry; Gen. James Longstreet, Mrs. Margaret M. Badger, widow of the late Commodore Badger, and Mrs. Harriet Gridley, widow of the late Captain Gridley of the navy. The House passed the "Nee Home" bill without division. The remainder of the day was devoted to the sundry civil appropriation bill, the last but one of the great supply bills.

The Senate on Friday passed the army reorganization bill, which practically revolutionizes the present staff arrangements of the army. The bill provides for an increase in several branches of the service. The fortifications appropriation bill, carrying $7,733,628, an increase of $640,140 over the House measure, was also passed. In the House seventy-three of the 132 pages of the sundry civil appropriation bill were completed. Members of the naval committee made efforts to cripple the coast and geodetic survey in retaliation for the refusal of the House to place the survey of waters of our insular possessions in the hands of our navy. A message from President McKinley vetoing the bill authorizing the adjustment of settlers on the Navajo Indian reservation was laid before the House. An order was made giving the day following the disposition of the sundry civil bill to the committee on claims.

The Senate held no session Saturday. In the House the Senate amendments to the army appropriation bill were disagreed to and the bill was sent to conference. The House resumed the consideration of the sundry civil appropriation bill. There was a protracted contest over several propositions to buy 140 acres additional for the St. Elizabeth insane asylum at $1,500 an acre. Although it was urged that the land was badly needed for additional quarters for the insane, every proposition was defeated. A few minor amendments were adopted. The committee then rose and the bill was passed. The fortifications appropriation bill was sent to conference.

On Monday, in the Senate, Mr. Teller delivered a speech in which he strongly urged the Senate to extend its sympathy to the Boers in their contest with Great Britain. The adoption of his resolution of sympathy, he maintained, could not be considered as an unfriendly act by the British Government. During most of the session the Senate had under consideration the naval appropriation bill. Mr. Chandler's amendment to curtail the increase of the marine corps created some debate, and finally was laid on the table, 30 to 14. The bill was not completed. Notice was given that the armor plate provision would be considered in secret session, on account of certain facts that were to be called to the Senate's attention. A bill was passed to provide for a survey of the Illinois river. In the House it was suspension day and a number of bills were passed. The most important was the Senate bill to amend the general pension laws so as to provide for aggregating disabilities under the act of 1890 without regard to service origin, and to increase the net income a widow may have without destroying her right to a pension from $96 to $250. The purpose of the bill is to modify rulings of the pension office in accordance with the recommendations of the G. A. R. It was passed without a dissenting voice. The bill to increase the appropriation for the National Guard from $400,000 to $1,000,000 was among those passed. Mr. Sulzer (N. Y.) attempted to secure action upon his resolution expressing sympathy with the Boers, but was cut off by the Speaker.

Odds and Ends.

Charter of New York City will be revised.

Many Indians in Arizona are said to be on the verge of starvation.

Kansas has 300 flour mills, with a capacity of about 10,000,000 barrels a year.

Charles B. Aycock was nominated by the Democrats of North Carolina for Governor.

Secretary Gage, in response to the House resolution of inquiry, reported that the estimated surplus for this fiscal year was $70,000,000 and for next year $82,000,000.

The old home of Chief Justice Marshall, at Richmond, Va., is to be preserved as a memorial by an association incorporated recently by the Legislature of Virginia for that purpose.

AROUND A BIG STATE

BRIEF COMPILATION OF ILLINOIS NEWS.

Missing Man Found in a Well—Youth Shoots His Sweetheart and Himself—Good News Kills a Woman—Wealth in a Stovepipe.

A searching party dragged the decomposed body of Robert Carter from an abandoned well on the Salzenstein farm, near Athens. From circumtsances surrounding the affair it is believed that Carter was thrown into the well alive and left to a horrible fate. His body was wrapped with wire and a stone weighing 100 pounds was tied to his neck. Closely following the discovery Sheriff Rutledge of Mason County arrested Leslie Harvey, Richard Garretson, James Dixon and George Moore. The four men are coal miners and were seen with Carter on the day of his disappearance. The body was in an advanced state of decomposition. It lay in twelve feet of water and was brought to the surface with grappling irons. Carter disappeared from Athens on March 31. His home was in Mason City, and he had gone to Athens to visit his sister, Mrs. Tilden Hines. On the day of his disappearance he was seen at Primm's grove in the company of the four men arrested.

Bullets Close the Romance.

Bert Underhill of Watseka fatally wounded his sweetheart, Miss Anna Davis, at her home near Plato, and then sent a bullet through his own heart. Miss Davis, who is 17 years old, is the daughter of D. M. Davis, on whose farm Underhill worked. The farm hand and the young girl formed a mutual attachment. The girl's parents objected, however, and Underhill was forbidden to see his sweetheart, although they continued to meet clandestinely. The parents finally consented to their union on condition that the two would neither see nor correspond with each other for three months. This period elapsed the other day. Underhill went to the Davis home and fired at Miss Davis through the kitchen window. The bullet took effect in her breast. Underhill went a short distance from the house and shot himself through the heart, dying instantly. It is believed that the couple quarreled, although the parents have no knowledge of any estrangement.

Find Wealth in Stovepipe.

Mrs. Benjamin Gardner, one of the oldest settlers of Lake County, was buried recently at Milburn. She was thought to have left little property, but developments have revealed traces of hidden wealth. In a woodshed in the rear of the home in a joint of stovepipe was found a collection of tins and cloths, among which was hidden $800 in cash. The aged woman had resided in that vicinity for fifty-five years, her husband dying five years ago. She owned a small farm, on which she lived a retired life.

Woman Killed by a Train.

Mrs. Berney Hamlin was killed by the fast Vandalia-Pennsylvania train at Mulberry Grove. With her daughter she was walking on the track. The daughter managed to get to one side, but the mother slipped between the ties of a small trestle they were crossing and before she could extricate herself the locomotive passed over her body. She was horribly mangled, but lived for twenty minutes after the accident.

Killed by News of Fortune.

Mrs. Gottfried Hoehn, residing a few miles north of Carlyle, died suddenly under unusually sad circumstances. She had just received intelligence that she was the heiress of 50,000 francs, left by a deceased relative, near Paris, France. She had been afflicted with heart trouble. The good fortune proved too much of a strain on her nervous system and she expired in a few minutes.

Baseball Player Shot Dead.

James Epps, a negro member of a Brooklyn baseball team, was shot and killed at Newport by a negro known as "Mink" after an altercation in regard to the umpire. In the excitement which followed the killing two girls who had attended the game were bruised and cut about the face. "Mink" escaped.

Brief State Happenings.

Wages of carshop men are advanced at Mt. Vernon from 5 to 15 per cent.

Henry Meinert of Thawlville and Mary Heseman were married at New Minden.

A. N. Perrine, aged 70, dropped dead while splitting kindling wood at Hillsboro.

John Blee, circuit clerk of Saline County, and Mollie Dorris, married at Harrisburg.

Prof. A. A. Michaelson succeeds Shaffner as commander of the State naval militia.

Michael Tarell was killed by falling stone while at work on the Pekin Union Railway.

C. H. Rosenstell & Sons' vinegar factory at Freeport was destroyed by fire. The loss is $20,000.

Evangelist Thomas Hamson closed a revival at Bloomington. Eight hundred persons were converted.

Grief over her mother's death caused Mrs. Jacob Patton of Bloomington to commit suicide by drinking concentrated lye.

Barbers of Peoria have demanded an increase in wages and have been refused. Union leaders say that unless the demand is granted a strike will be declared.

Fifteen men planting corn on William Keerps' farm, near Bonfield, were poisoned from eating cheese. A doctor found them in serious condition, but after hard work saved them all.

Illinois electricians organized and elected: President, J. D. Gerlach, Chester; vice-president, E. B. Hillman, Wyoming; secretary, H. E. Chubbuck, Quincy; treasurer, John Davis, Litchfield.

Smallpox has made its appearance in Schuyler County, Dr. Egan, secretary State Board of Health being advised of cases at Wayland.

O. F. Stebbins, one of Springfield's oldest and best-known business men, died at his home in that city, of paralysis after a lingering illness.

The contract for supplying the Post-office Department with envelopes during the next year was awarded to a Centralia company. The contract is said to be worth $97,000, and the closest competitor was a Hartford firm, which bid $112,000.

Nauvoo voters decided against the public park proposition.

Mrs. Barney Hummel was run over by a train and killed at Vandalia.

Central Illinois school superintendents closed their conference at Peoria.

Frank Moore was acquitted of the charge of killing the Mayor of Pulaski.

George Bunyan was found not guilty of killing his brother-in-law at Mound City.

Mason Trowbridge of Chicago has been elected as fence orator by the Yale sophomore class.

Oquawka and Gladstone, having voted "dry," Henderson County will be without a legalized saloon this year.

John P. Hand of Henry County was nominated by Republicans for judge of the Fifth district Supreme Court.

Gov. Tanner appointed Charles A. Purdunn of Marshall, one of six persons to investigate convict labor systems in the East.

J. B. Alden married Mrs. Minnie Alden, his twin brother's widow, at Anna, and left for Eastern points on a wedding tour.

Thomas D. Brets, editor of the Salem Herald-Advocate, remarried his divorced wife. She was formerly Nettie Davis of Farina.

That portion of the Fifth United States infantry which formed a part of the recent Dewey parade in Chicago has been ordered to Cuba.

James Lehew of Brownington, Md., leaped from a window in a Bloomington hospital and was found wandering about the city scantily clad.

The Harrisburg mines have shut down. The operators decline to pay the scale—45 cents—fixed by the State Board of Arbitration a few days ago.

The adjutant general has accepted the resignation of William L. Sparks as navigating and ordnance officer first ship's crew naval militia of Illinois.

Andrew McNally of Chicago has brought suit against the Peoria Gas Light and Coke Company, in which he holds one-fifth of the stock, to compel the opening of the books of the company.

Mrs. Ella Culp, aged 38 years, wife of a well-known citizen of Beardstown, who had a delusion that her name was being used on notes and that her husband was a detective, was taken to the Jacksonville insane asylum.

The State examiner has completed the examination of the books of the Olney Building and Loan Association. He reports a shortage of $58,000. The association is insolvent, but nothing will be done until May 15, when a meeting of the stockholders is called to discuss reorganization.

James Turner, a colored man living at 3508 Armour avenue, Chicago, beat his wife. James Smith, a boarder in Turner's home, interfered. Turner then left his wife and assaulted Smith. The latter, with a razor, cut Turner's throat from ear to ear. Then he fled. Turner died an hour later at the Provident hospital.

The stone masons who were at work on the postoffice and water works and filtration buildings at East St. Louis were called out because the contractors and carpenters are unable to reach an agreement on the wage question. The stone masons are satisfied with their wages and hours of labor. It is a sympathetic strike.

Isaac Martin of Dennison went to Terre Haute, Ind., a few days ago. Since that time his whereabouts have been unknown, his disappearance being as sudden and complete as though the earth had swallowed him. His wife of a little more than a year instituted a close search, but to no avail. He was not despondent and no reason for his disappearance is known. Foul play is suspected.

The fourteenth district federation of women's clubs at their meeting in Pekin elected the following officers for the ensuing year: President, Mrs. Emily P. Schenck, Pekin; vice-president, Mrs. M. Newman, Peoria; recording secretary, Mrs. Daniel Crabb, Delavan; corresponding secretary, Miss Allen, Delavan; treasurer, Mrs. Sadie McFadden, Havana. Delavan will have the next meeting.

The University of Illinois has received the largest gift within its history. This was the entomological collection, valued at $50,000, belonging to A. Bolter, who died in Chicago a few weeks ago. The collection comprises all orders of insects from all parts of North America and other parts of the world. It represents an actual expenditure of $30,000. Mr. Bolter went to Chicago fifty years ago and was engaged in the iron industry. His heirs donated the collection, which is to be known as the Bolter collection.

During a recent week there were eighteen barn fires, all undoubtedly of incendiary origin, in Rock Island, the majority of them in the business section of the city. Citizens are alarmed to such an extent that a number of the business men have employed special policemen to guard their property during the night, but all the fires have occurred in the afternoon. The entire police force has been out in citizens' clothes endeavoring to apprehend the incendiaries, but to no avail. While the property losses thus far have not been great there have been many narrow escapes for some of the finest business blocks in the city.

Frank Bulger, a farm hand employed on a farm near Odin, has confessed to the murder of Mrs. Foreman and her daughter at Trader's Point, Ind., eighteen years ago. This tragedy has been one of the celebrated criminal mysteries in Indiana's history. Bulger told the story of his crime to Marshal Murray of Odin, but the latter refuses to divulge the nature of the confession until a reward is offered for the return of Bulger to Indiana. Murray says Bulger has in his possession a corn knife which he claims to have used in killing Mrs. Foreman on that morning in March, 1882. Further details were not given. Bulger says he was 18 years old when the crime was committed.

Mrs. Marie D. Swett of Chicago has begun suit for $10,000 damages against the city of Bloomington for injuries received last fall on an icy walk in that city.

South-bound local freight No. 10 on the Illinois Central was flagged half way between Farina and Laclede by a 50-year-old, but innocent, Dutch farmer named E. Boomgarten. He explained his action by telling the conductor that he expected packages by freight, and if the train had brought the same he would hitch up his mule team and drive to Farina and get his property.

DEWEY IN CHICAGO.

WINDY CITY OBSERVES MANILA BAY ANNIVERSARY.

Naval Victor Is the Center of Interest in the Parade—Streets Radiant with Banners and a Cheering Multitude Gives an Ovation.

Admiral Dewey arrived in Chicago Monday to attend the observance of the second anniversary of the Manila Bay battle. He was a little ahead of time, as he was at Manila bay two years ago. A big crowd awaited the admiral and his wife.

The admiral was met at South Chicago by the general executive committee, headed by Mayor Harrison and George G. Dewey. This committee extended an official welcome, the Mayor offering the freedom of the city to the distinguished guest and assuring him that the town would be "wide open" for him. In the afternoon the admiral was given a reception by the Canadian-American Association. In the evening there was an illumination of the lake front, and later a naval ball at the Auditorium.

On Tuesday Admiral Dewey occupied the post of honor in the great parade given in honor of his victory over the Spaniards two years before. Down through the streets, made radiant with banner and bunting, with flag and festoon, rode the admiral of the navy, the central figure in a swinging mass of color and music. Ten thousand men, in resplendent uniforms of blue and gold, of scarlet and gray, trooped before and after him. Half a hundred bands blared the brassy notes of soul-stirring marches, a score of fife corps shrieked the shrill measures of war tunes, horses pranced, flags waved, sabers flashed and an uncountable multitude watched the spectacle.

George Dewey will probably remember the sight he watched from the reviewing stand in Chicago. It may not have been as spectacular as the naval pageant which New York arranged for him, nor as long as some other parades he has seen, but it was a brilliant procession. There were regulars, national guardsmen, Mexican and civil war veterans, man-o'-warsmen, soldierly youngsters who marched like old campaigners, and Chicago's representatives in business and the professions. Eight divisions of them there were, and they swept through the cheering lines of packed humanity, under the banners and the streamers, past the admiral and his party like an army marching in triumph of a conqueror.

Chicago had turned out to do honor to a hero. Political affiliations were forgotten. All remembered the terse sentences flashed under the ocean from Hong Kong two years ago. That was the keynote of the thought along the line of march. That the admiral enjoyed the sight and the sounds of his welcome was shown by his smiling face as he passed along.

DEATH RECORD OF THE WAR.

Casualties of American Troops at Santiago and Manila.

In comparison with the casualties suffered by the British troops in South Africa, those sustained by the American forces in the Philippines seem very small. A statement just compiled by the War Department shows that from July 1, 1898, when American troops reached Manila, until April 27, 1900, these deaths have occurred: Killed and died of wounds, 43 officers, 552 men; died of disease, 20 officers, 1,635 men; total, 69 officers, 2,187 men; grand total, 2,256. Several thousand men have been wounded, but only a small percentage have died of wounds, and most of them have returned to duty.

The War Department has just issued a complete table of the casualties in the Fifth army corps in the operations against Santiago from June 22 until July 17, 1898. The losses are given: Killed, 21 officers, 222 enlisted men; wounded, 101 officers, 1,344 enlisted men; total, 1,688 officers and enlisted men.

The total strength of the forces operating against Santiago is given as 860 officers and 17,340 men. The Seventeenth regular infantry lost the greatest number of men, its killed and wounded numbering 132. The Sixteenth regular infantry lost 129 men, and Gov. Roosevelt's regiment and the Sixth regular infantry each lost 127 men.



Belgium has five automobile clubs, with a combined membership of 740.

The scarcity of coal in Germany is seriously interfering with the iron and steel industries.

Steamboats are to be put on the Dead Sea for traffic between the villages on the banks. The first boat is already running.

A syndicate in Paris has made application to the minister of public works for permission to run steam carriages on the streets.

The Berlin papers publish a Washington dispatch with reference to the convening of a second Panamerican congress and comment on the proposal in rather unfavorable terms.

In the British House of Lords Lord Kinnaird asked the Government to support the United States in attempting to secure non-exhibition displays on Sunday at the Paris exposition.

The League of German Agriculturists has just held its general annual meeting in Berlin. The league numbers 200,000 members, an increase of 17,000 over the membership of the preceding year.

The marriage rate of Queensland, Australia, has been steadily declining from 14.5 per 1,000 in 1863 to 6.3 per 1,000 in 1898.

The Russian Government has consented to postpone for one year the operation of new regulations, depriving Japanese subjects of fishing privileges in the waters of Saghallen, Siberia.

A botanical garden has been established at Coquilhatville, Congo Free State, by the Belgian Government, to be called the Kew Gardens. Experiments with rubber and other tropical plants will be made.

CROPS HURT BY RAIN.

Wet Weather Does Considerable Damage in Many States.

The most unfavorable features of last week, as given by the crop division of the weather bureau, were the excessive rains in the Southern States and the unseasonable low temperatures over the central and southern plateau and Pacific coast regions. A large part of Texas, including the region of the great flood of June-July, 1899, has received from two to more than seven inches of rain, washing out and inundating crops to a great extent over the central and southern portions of the State. Too much rain has generally retarded farm work in the States of the Missouri valley and middle Rocky Mountain slope.

Eastward of the Mississippi river corn planting and preparations therefor have progressed rapidly, planting being in progress as far north as the central portions of Illinois, Indiana and Ohio and in West Virginia and Maryland. Some corn has been planted in southern Iowa, and planting will be general the coming week. On account of wet weather little corn was planted in Nebraska, and planting has been retarded in Missouri and Kansas. In Kansas and Texas and portions of Mississippi, Arkansas and Alabama much replanting will be necessary as a result of overflows.

Further improvement is generally reported in the condition of winter wheat, although in Michigan and Wisconsin farmers are continuing to plow up wheat fields for other crops. The crop is now heading as far north as Tennessee, Arkansas and Oklahoma. In central and northern California high winds have been unfavorable, but the crop has been improved by rains in the southern part of the State. All reports indicate that spring wheat is coming up finely and making excellent growth. Seeding is now practically completed except in North Dakota.

TWO HUNDRED REBELS KILLED.

Filipinos' Twenty Victims at Catubig Avenged by Comrades.

Further details of the fighting at Catubug, Island of Samar, in which twenty Americans were killed and two wounded, have been received. The American garrison of Catubig, Island of Samar, consisting of thirty men belonging to the Forty-third regiment, was attacked by rebels. Twenty of the Americans were killed. The remainder were rescued.

The Americans were quartered in the Catubig Church, which the enemy, numbering several hundred men, surrounded and fiercely attacked. The Americans fought for two days and then the rebels managed to ignite the roof of the church and it burned away and finally fell upon those inside the edifice. The walls remained intact, however, and were used as a shelter by the besieged Americans for three days longer, the enemy attacking the building on all sides at once. The Americans continued firing from the windows and doors of the church, and did great execution among the Filipinos. It is estimated that over 200 of the latter were killed, many dead bodies being removed from the scene of the fighting.

After five days' resistance by the Americans a lieutenant and eight men arrived from Lnoan and engaged the besiegers, who thereupon retired. The fortunate arrival of these re-enforcements prevented the annihilation of the American force intrenched in the church, who had repeatedly declined to surrender when ordered to do so by the Filipinos. The ten survivors were without food, had little ammunition and were physically exhausted when relieved.

CANAL BILL IS PASSED.

House Adopts Measure by a Vote of 225 to 35.

After a stormy debate which developed much bad blood and nearly provoked several physical encounters the Nicaraguan canal bill passed the House late Wednesday afternoon by the remarkable vote of 225 to 35. Democrats and Republicans vied with each other in an effort to get on record in favor of the waterway that is to connect the Atlantic with the Pacific. The only party division during the two days' debate was over the committee amendments substituting the word "defense" for "fortifications." The Democrats voted almost solidly for fortifications, claiming that the Clayton-Bulwer treaty was dead. The Republicans stood by the committee on interstate and foreign commerce. A motion to recommit the bill with instructions to report back another bill leaving the selection of the route to the President was buried under an adverse majority of 52 to 171.

The passage of the Nicaragua canal bill by the House does not mean that the bill will become a law. A Washington correspondent declares that the Senate will not pass it at this session, and may not consider it.

SCHOOLS AND COLLEGES

The severe strain of university duties has compelled President Hadley of Yale to take a rest of a month in the South.

Mrs. Caroline S. Tilden of New Orleans has given $50,000 to Tulane University of Louisiana for a library building.

The School of Political Science at Columbia has opened a course to fit young men for the Government service, particularly in the new colonies.

At the University of Nebraska a tabulation of the churches represented among 2,005 students was made recently. There were found 155 Baptists, 60 Catholics, 220 Congregationalists, 102 Episcopalians, 70 Lutherans, 458 Methodists, 302 Presbyterians, and smaller numbers representing other denominations. Two hundred and fifty gave no information regarding their church relationship and seventy were not adherents to any church.

Dr. John Guiteras has been appointed to the chair of intertropical pathology, which has just been created in the University of Havana, Cuba.

Prof. Edward Everett Hale, Jr., of Union College is to take the place of Prof. Frank H. Stoddard in the historical department of the New York University summer school this year.

President Sierra of Honduras has conceded to Harvard University the charge of the ruins of Copan and its islands for a period of ten years, with the right to make excavations and remove any interesting things discovered to Cambridge.

KILLS 250 IN A MINE.

EXPLOSION TRAPS WORKERS IN UTAH SHAFT.

Not One Escapes to Give Facts of Disaster—The Rescuers Recover Charred Bodies of Many Victims — Blasting Powder Believed to Be to Blame.

Two hundred and fifty lives were lost in an explosion in mines No. 1 and No. 4 of the Pleasant Valley Coal Company at Winterquarters camp, two miles north of Scofield, Utah. Every man in the two shafts was killed, not one escaping to give details of the disaster.

At midnight 137 bodies had been recovered and rescue parties, made up of friends and relatives of the victims, were working in the leads in the vain hope that some might have lived through the accident. Help was sent from Colton, sixteen miles away, on the Rio Grande Western Railway, and all possible was done to bring out the dead from the wrecked mines.

The accidental igniting of blasting powder, of which a number of kegs were stored in mine No. 4, is believed to have been the cause of the disaster. This mine was the first to suffer and the explosion in shaft No. 1 followed almost immediately. The supposition is that the flames were communicated to the second mine by a gallery which connects the two workings.

All the dead taken out of No. 4 were burned and charred, showing that the fire must have swept like a wave through the entire shaft. In the other mine the bodies were not so seriously disfigured, death having come from suffocation.

Many who were in the vicinity of the mouths of the shafts were injured by the blast which issued from the openings. The buildings at the mouths were damaged seriously, and the whole country around trembled from the force of the explosion.

The disaster occurred while the 250 men of the day shift were busy in the various galleries and not one who was inside had warning of the peril. Those outside saw flame and smoke burst from the openings, followed by a dull rumble, the tearing of timbers and crashing of falling masses of earth and rock and then all was silent.

Immediately, from every direction, came men, women and children to whom the ominous sound could have only one meaning. It was some time before aught could be done and the wives, mothers and children of those entombed in the awful death trap crowded to the entrance wailing and crying for their loved ones.

News of the explosion spread with lightning speed through Scofield, which is chiefly made up of families of employes of the coal company. Dispatches were sent to Colton, from which place a train with doctors and hospital supplies was hurried to the scene. As soon as possible the rescue work was begun, but the task was not rescue, only the bringing out of the dead that was before the terror-stricken workers. Despite peril from broken timbers and loosened masses of rock, the miners and trainmen entered the blackened shafts and dragged to the light the mutilated corpses of their friends and neighbors.

Officials of the company are unable to explain the cause of the explosion. The mines were comparatively free of coal gas and it is said that an ordinary flame could not have caused the disaster. The story that an explosion of powder was responsible for the igniting of the gas and the awful havoc that followed seems borne out by the statements of all familiar with the interior of the workings.

CURRENT COMMENT

The bureau of statistics of the Treasury Department has compiled a statement of the traffic through the Sault Ste Marie canal between Lakes Superior and Michigan last year. The total number of vessels passing through the canal was 20,055, which was more than double the total for 1880. The total freight passing through the canal in 1899 was 25,255,810 tons, against but 7,610,022 tons in 1889, showing that the freight has increased much more rapidly than the number of vessels, thus indicating in some degree the rapid increase in the size and capacity of the freight carrying vessels of the great lakes. The development of grain production of the extreme Northwest during the decade is indicated by the fact that the wheat carried through the canal in 1899 was 58,397,335 bushels, and in 1889 16,231,854 bushels, while "grain other than wheat" in 1899 was 30,000,935 bushels, and in 1889 but 2,133,245 bushels.

-:—:-

A report recently issued gives some insight into the doings of New York's army of criminals during the past year. During 1899 there were 98,917 prisoners arraigned in the police courts of Manhattan and the Bronx. Of these 77,127 were males and 21,709 were females. There were 37,007 prisoners discharged on hearing the evidence, and 61,116 persons were held for trial at general and special sessions, which, compared with the figures of 1898, shows a falling off of 2,204.

-:—:-

People keep asking whether it should be spelled Porto Rico or Puerto Rico. The Spaniards spelled it with a "u," and the board of geographical names, appointed by the United States Government to decide disputes in spelling and pronunciation, adopted the Spanish style, but Senator Foraker's bill establishing a civil government on that island provides that the official spelling shall be Porto Rico.

-:—:-

The report comes from Cape Nome, the new Alaska gold field, that coal and wood are very scarce. All available wood has been used for ten miles on either side of Nome City. Wood brings $50 to $60 a cord, and it is a very poor article at that. The coal supply is very meager and coal is sold by the pound, bringing seven and as high as eight cents a pound.

-:—:-

Proprietary medicine men want the war tax on their products reduced. They say alcohol, other ingredients and all combined are taxed.

DEWEY THEIR GUEST.

CIVIL WAR VETERANS GREET HIM AT JACKSONVILLE.

Annual Illinois Encampment Calls Attention to Thinning Ranks of the G. A. R.—Longenecker Chosen Commander and Peoria Next Meeting Place.

Admiral George Dewey and his wife were the guests of Illinois' Grand Army veterans for three hours Thursday afternoon and the city of Jacksonville was a blaze of color in honor of the hero of Manila. The veterans who had fought for the Union with Dewey joined in paying him a tribute. Thousands from near-by towns were in the city to see the admiral and the line of march of the parade was thronged from end to end with cheering people. Special and elaborate decorations were on every hand in addition to the vast quantities of bunting displayed in honor of the annual G. A. R. encampment.

On the way down the committee of the Grand Army post of Jacksonville, S. W. Thornton, commander, Prof. F. H. Hall and S. W. Nichols, who were especially deputized to escort the admiral down, presented him and Mrs. Dewey with an original poem written by Mrs. Martha Capps Oliver of that city and elegantly printed on heavy silk for the express purpose of presentation.

From the moment the admiral, resplendent in his uniform, stepped from the train and was escorted to his carriage to head the parade through the business streets and to the court house the cheering and applause from the thousands that lined the sidewalks along the line of march was almost continuous, while in their hands school children of all ages waved flags and banners. Here and there they pelted him with flowers. At the court house Admiral Dewey alighted and, ascending the platform erected for the occasion, reviewed the parade of Grand Army veterans and civic and military organizations, including the Fifth regiment, I. N. G. At the conclusion of the parade Admiral Dewey was escorted to the opera house, where an informal reception was held to give the veterans an opportunity to meet the naval hero.

The encampment found time for little but routine business, owing to the long parades and numerous receptions.

Final adjournment took place Friday afternoon. The annual elections resulted as follows:

Commander—Joel M. Longenecker, Chicago.

Senior Vice-Commander—F. M. Boyer, Olney.

Junior Vice-Commander—T. F. Blankley, Litchfield.

Medical Adviser—R. W. Law, Galesburg.

Chaplain—Rev. S. W. Thornton, Jacksonville.

Trustees—A. H. McCracken, Chicago; H. R. Hieronymus, Springfield.

Council of Administration—Col. A. D. Cadwallader, Lincoln; W. R. Jewell, Danville; A. S. Wright, Woodstock; R. M. Campbell, Peoria; B. F. Lee, Rockford.

Commander Longenecker named C. A. Partridge of Chicago assistant adjutant general and W. H. Rose of Chicago assistant quartermaster general. Delegates and alternates to the national G. A. R. encampment were chosen, and Peoria selected as the place for the encampment of 1901.

At each Grand Army encampment there are comments upon the thinning ranks of the soldiers, the whiter heads and beards, and the absence of those who were seen at the previous encampments. The sad reflections thus forced upon the observer have statistical confirmation in the report of the Adjutant General. Within the last five years the death rate has increased from 1 to 3 per cent, and he holds as a logical conclusion that within the next five years the rate of death will be six times as great as it is now, or in every 1,000 veterans 180 will die yearly. "How great the percentage will be after five years is too pathetic a question to contemplate," says the report. The records show that during the last year 640 veterans in Illinois died and there are at present 22,818 veterans in the State. In 1898 there were 23,503, and during the last three years 1,800 have died. The decreases in membership have reduced the number of posts. During the year the number has fallen from 573 to 567.

New officers of the Ladies of the G. A. R. are:

President—Mrs. Louise Owen, Chicago.

Senior Vice-President—Mrs. Martha Young, Chicago.

Junior Vice-President—Mrs. Elizabeth Pinckard, Monticello.

Chaplain—Mrs. Mary Smith, Chicago.

Treasurer—Mrs. Alice Place, Chicago.

Counselor — Mrs. Mary E. Clark, Springfield.

Council of Administration—Mary Polk, Lagrange; Charity Nichols, Galva; Hattie Cook, Chicago.

Following are the new officers of the Women's Relief Corps:

Department President—Mrs. Florence O. McCleland.

Senior Vice-President—Mrs. Martha K. Baxter, Springfield.

Junior Vice-President—Mrs. Mary Griffin, Paw Paw.

Treasurer—Mrs. Rebecca Lewis, Peoria.

Chaplain—Mrs. Sarah Martin, Salem.

Executive Board—Ida M. Briggs, Chicago; Mary Roberts, Ninda; Sarah Bradford, Springfield; Mary Coleman, Peoria; Helen Bristol, Quincy.

The officers chosen for the Sons of Veterans are:

Commander—William E. Hull, Peoria.

Senior Vice-Commander—J. M. Shulz, Decatur.

Junior Vice-Commander—L. E. Silsbe, Oregon.

Division Council—W. L. Eskball, Chicago; O. L. Day, Kankakee; W. C. Creighton, Champaign.

The World's Largest Man.

Yunnan-sen in Persia owns the largest man in the world. His name is Chang-Yan Miun. He is seven feet three inches in his bare feet, and is proportionately broad, besides which he is a man of weight, for he turns the scales at 382 pounds. He was formerly a coolie, and as he carried double loads he earned double pay. Now he guards the entrance to a mandarin's yamen and receives the remuneration of three soldiers.

THE NEWS.

A REPUBLICAN NEWSPAPER.

PUBLISHED WEEKLY BY
J. J. Burke, Editor & Publisher

By Mail, One Dollar Per Year, in Advance.

THE NEWS Guarantees a Larger Bonafide Circulation in Western Lake County, than Any Paper Published in The State.

ANTIOCH, ILLINOIS.

WEEKLY CROP BULLETIN.

SPRINGFIELD, ILL., May 8, 1900.

The weather during past week has been favorable for farm work, and a great deal of it has been accomplished. Recently plowed ground, especially in the central district, is cloddy, and requires much working to put it in suitable condition for planting. That which was plowed earlier is in better condition. The weather for the greater part of the week has been fair and the soil generally too dry to promote rapid growth of vegetation. In some places the effects of the dry weather had become serious towards the end of the week. Good rains at the end of the week are reported from the greater portion of the state, and consequently a much more favorable condition for growing exists at its end than during its progress. Cool weather during the week also retarded growth. Frosts, in some places quite heavy, were general throughout the northern district from the 2nd to the 5th. Light frosts occurred at many places in the central and at a few places in the southern district. Though a few reporters express fears as to the result of these frosts, it is generally believed that no material injury resulted from them. The condition of wheat and oats continues good, though some slight injury is believed to have resulted from dry weather. In some parts of the southern district wheat is beginning to head. Grasses are doing fairly well though the growth during the week has generally been slow. Corn planting is progressing throughout the state, though dry weather has held it back in parts of the southern district. Much corn has come up in the central and southern districts. Gardens and potatoes are generally growing nicely. Early potatoes are being cultivated in the southern district. Garden truck is nearly ready for use in parts of the south. The fruit prospects appear not to have suffered by the frost or dry weather of the week, and they continue excellent. Strawberries are reported to be ripening in parts of the south.

Lake County Woodmen Picnic.

The Lake County Royal Neighbors and Modern Woodmen Picnic association met at Woodmen hall, Libertyville, on Thursday, May 3, for the purpose of electing officers for the ensuing year and locating the second annual picnic. The representation was not as large as it should have been, however, there were three new M. W. A. camps and one R. N. added to the list of membership, viz. Ivanhoe No. 1253, Wauconda No. 643, and Gurnee No. 4140, also Alice Camp of R. N. of Wauconda.

President Thos. Strang called the meeting to order and in the absence of the secretary, L. O. Brockway, of Lake Camp No. 174 of Waukegan, was elected secretary pro tem, after which officers for the ensuing year were elected as follows:

President—Thomas Strang, of Wadsworth.

Vice Presidents—Mrs. E. A. Golding, of Wauconda, and A. P. Staples, of Libertyville.

Secretary—L. O. Brockway, of Waukegan.

Treasurer—Geo. C. Roberts, of Wauconda.

Directors—Mrs. Eva Crippen, Lake Forest; W. H. Anderest, North Chicago; E. A. Golding, Wauconda; E. G. Payne, Rockefeller; Wm. Hoban, Waukegan; H. E. Flood, Gurnee; G. F. Lynch, Libertyville.

Proposals were presented by Wauconda and Ivanhoe camps for the annual picnic, and on the first ballot there was a tie between the two places. On the second ballot it was awarded to Ivanhoe camp, and the time fixed upon July 4th.

Both of these camps have an excellent reputation as entertainers and both made liberal proposals. However, the location of Ivanhoe's grounds, which are to be the old picnic grounds at Dimond Lake, gave some advantake as it is more centrally located and accessable by railroad.

There were some amendments made to the bye-laws, among which was the making of the president of the association ex-officio chairman of the board of directors and authorizing him to call a business meeting of the board of directors at any time.

The president has issued a call for the board of directors to meet at Waukegan, on May 15, to close up last years' business and arrange for the coming picnic.

When Woodmen recall the grand success of the picnic given by Ivanhoe camp at Grayslake in 1897 undoubtedly everyone that was there and everyone who has since heard of the event will try to be present, and the picnic of 1900 will be remembered as one of the brightest events in Lake county Woodcraft.

A Fast Bicycle Rider

Will often receive painful cuts, sprains or bruises from accidents. Bucklen's Arnica Salve will kill the pain and heal the injury. It's the cyclist's friend. Cures Chafing, Chapped Hands, Sore Lips, Burns, Ulcers and Pi[illegible]. Cure guaranteed. Only 25c. Try it. [illegible] by all druggists.

LITERARY NOTES.

The June Magazine Number of The Outlook will be its eleventh annual recreation number, and will be largely devoted to articles and pictures relating to out-door life. Among the authors who will contribute are Henry van Dyke, Joseph H. Twichell, Gen. Roy Stone, Wm. Gillette, Jane Barlow, Ernest Ingersoll, Dr. S. D. McConnell, and Frank H. Spearman, author of "Foley's Nerve" and other railway stories.

There has recently come to light an apron—probably the most exquisite example of needlework extant—that busied the fingers of the hapless Mary, Queen of Scotts, during her long imprisonment, and served to divert her mind from her impending doom at the block. The fallen sovereign—all hope gone—centered her interest upon it during the latter part of her long confinement, and created the masterpiece of needlework. Just before her execution she secreted her prized apron under the lining of one of her robes which kept her treasure safe until recently the garment was ripped apart. Its history has since been fully authenticated through letters written by the ill-starred Queen to a friendly ambassador at Paris who smuggled the materials out of which it was wrought into her dungeon. By strange chance the apron came into the possession of an American, who has refused $50,000 for it, and has also declined $5000 for the privilege of unraveling a single stitch to learn its secret, which is a mystery to all the experts. Its owner has consented, however, to its reproduction in large size in the June Ladies' Home Journal.

McClure's Magazine for May gives an intimate, vivid presentment of General Lawton as a man and a soldier, with special reference to his Philippine campaigns, in an article by his close associate in the Philippines, Prof. Dean C. Worcester. The article is illustrated with a series of portraits of Lawton, showing him at different ages from seventeen to fifty-five, and other pictures. An article by Prof. Simon Newcomb tells all about the time and course of the total eclipse of the sun which is to occur on May 28th, and also what astronomers have previously learned by such eclipses and what they hope to learn by this one. A profusely illustrated article by Earl Mayo describes the great Atlantic liner Oceanic in her unequaled magnitude of ten thousand tons' weight and a seventh of a mile of length, telling how she was built and how she is now manned and operated. An article by Ray Stannard Baker relates the story of The New Prosperity—a prosperity that within two years brought farmers, merchants, manufacturers and workmen of almost every kind such an accession of income as they had never experienced before, and greatly raised the country's rating in the financial calendar of the world. Dr. Watson ("Ian Maclaren") writes of the relations of Jesus to the Samaritans and Pharisees, and of the social feuds between these two classes. The paper is fully illustrated by C. K. Linson, four of the illustrations being in color. In a poen entitled Death in Battle the young author of Bob, Son of Battle, Mr. Alfred Ollivant, discloses that his fine literary gift is not simply in the line of prose story writing. Another poem in the number is An Indian Mother Song, by Willis Irwin. There are good short stories by Conan Doyle, Robert Barr, Clinton Ross, Tighe Hopkins, and Charles Warren, and a fine true story of an old fire horse by J. Lincoln Steffens.

Money for Snell Heirs.

In the Probate court Saturday Judge Batten listened to arguments on a petition asking that $10,000 each be awarded to Albert J. Snell and Mrs. Grace S. Walker, heirs of Mrs. Henrietta Snell, from the $43,000 of personal property now in the hands of the executors of the estate. Each of the petitioners is an heir at law and a beneficiary under the will. They desire a portion of the money which is coming to them under the will, which is to be contested by Mrs. Mary Stone. The petition was supported by Attorney Condee and was opposed by Ex-Judge Trude on behalf of the executors, and another lawyer on behalf of Snell McCrea and Henrietta McCrea, minor heirs. After listening to the attorneys, Judge Batten decided in favor of the petitioners, but reduced the amount asked for to $5,000 for each of the applicants

Epworth League Anniversary.

The Epworth League will hold their anniversary Sunday evening, May 13, at 7:45 p. m. at the M. E. church.

PROGRAM.

Song Service.
Scripture Reading.
Anthem by Choir.
Prayer.
Song.
Historical Sketch of the League—Carrie Hiserodt.
Song by Choir.
Recitation—Effie Didama.
Song.
Look Up—Mrs. Aikin.
Lift Up—Mrs. Williams.
Anthem.
Recitation—Lillie Watson.
Song.
Echoes from Convention—Mr. Aikin.
Song.

J. C. Kennedy, Roanoke, Tenn., says, "I cannot say too much for DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve. One box of it cured what the doctors called an incurable ulcer on my jaw." Cures piles and all skin diseases. Look out for worthless imitations. Wm. T. Hill.

Yates for Governor

ELECTED ON THE FOURTH BALLOT AS REPUBLICAN LEADER.

Other Candidates Remain in the Race to the Last, but the Rush to Yates is Overwhelming.

For Governor.....RICHARD YATES
For Lieutenant Governor.....W.A. NORTHCOTT
For Secretary of State.....J. A. ROSE
For State Treasurer.....M. O. WILLIAMSON
For State Auditor.....JAS. A. M'CULLOUGH
For Attorney General.....H. J. HAMLIN
For University Trustees {MRS. CARRIE T. ALEXANDER, ALEXANDER M'LEAN, S. A. BULLARD

Richard Yates was made the republican candidate for Governor of Illinois on the fortieth anniversary of his father's nomination for the same office.

The Yates-Hanecy and Reeves-Carter combinations worked out as events had foreshadowed. Judge Yates was the lowest of the four in number of votes for two ballots. The final ballot, fourth of those taken but the third of those announced, resulted: Yates, 971; Reeves, 556.

How Lake County Girls Kiss.

The Libertyville girl powders and paints,
And is loved by both sinners and saints.
But she sticks out her lips, takes a few sips,
And then falls over and faints.

The Antioch girl waltzes up to the rack,
Slightly crooking her back;
She sticks up her nose, turns up her toes,
And gives you a hearty good smack.

The Hainesville girl is right on her muscle,
And always gets there in a hustle;
She catches her pard, and kisses so hard,
That she usually shakes off her bustle.

The Rollins girl is pretty and fair,
With golden brown, or jet black hair;
And if there is bliss in a sweet little kiss,
The Rollins girl surely gets there.

The Ivanhoe girl is juicy and plump,
And raises her lips in a lump
Right under her nose and says, "here goes,"
And the noise sounds like a suction pump.

The Lake Villa girl is fat and haughty,
But doesn't think it very naughty;
She yells yum, yum, says it's nice by gum,
If you don't give me more I'll get wrothy.

The Grayslake girl is a dainty miss,
Who knows exactly how to kiss;
Her soft red lips press, while you toy and caress,
And sip the nectar in ecstatic bliss.

We clip the foregoing from "Snap Shots" published at Grayslake, by J. Frank Pickering. Not having had any experience in the line ourselves, we are unable to say whether the statement is correct or not, but accept it as true when Brother Pickering says so.—(Ed.)

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

FURNISHED BY
LAKE COUNTY TITLE AND TRUST CO.
Abstracts of Title. Titles Guaranteed.
Masonic Temple Bldg, Waukegan, Ill.
LOUIS J. GURNEE, Secy.

The following are the real estate transfers for the week ending May 5, 1900:

Andrew J Hettinger and wf to John F Powell qcd, lt 2 blk d Powells div of pt blk 1 Powells sub of pt nw¼ sec 19-45-11	$ 1 00
O H Downey and wf to Caroline L Overman qcd, lts 47 48 blk 7 Bartletts sub in Western ad to Lake Forest	1 00
Chas A Barnickel to Helen J Howard wd, w 10 ft lt 3 blk 2 Modervilles sub in Waukegan	1 00
Chas Phillips and wf to Jno Woodbridge Jr qcd, lt 86 blk 31 Washburn Park	7 00
Geo Kirchhoff and wf to Peter Dawson wd, e 11acs n½ s½ lt 1 of nw¼ sec 18-43-12	220 00
David S Van Dyke ant wf to John W McClure wd, 2.80 acs in ne¼ se¼ 7.70 acs in s½ ne¼ sec 23-45-11	500 00
Mary L Mott and hus to Chas M Gorman wd, lts 8 9 & 10 ft lt 10 blk 1 Lenox sub Waukegan	1,200 00
Elijah A Johnson and wf to Isaac W Bird wd, pt lt 4 S Linds sub lt 248 Lk Forest	2,000 00
Mast Chancery to Natl Union S L & H Assn d, lt 1 blk 2 Rogers ad Waukgn	3,000 00
Mast Chancery to Frank E Pitman Sr d, lts 5 6 7 blk 2 Chinns ad Antioch	642 64
Thos Wilton and wf to Richd Wilton wd, pt w½ se¼ 63a sec 29 45-10	3,100 00
Frank Proctor and wf to Sarah Longabaugh wd, s 4 rds lts 1 2 blk 2 Proctor ad Grayslake	225 00
Solomon D Iehl and wf to Wm Whigan qcd, undiv ¼ pt w½ w½ nw¼ sec 25-43-11	250 00
Frank H Plagge and wf to Jno C Plagge and Nic Stenger qcd, 2as w½ sw¼ sec 36-43-9	2,000 00
Stella L Morrison et al to Edmund D Besley qcd, 132 ft n ft Julian st 66 ft e ft County st Waukegan	2 00
Henry W Blodgett to Mary Sursa qcd, 198 ft e ft Market st 66 ft n of South st 185 ft s of Liberty st Waukegan	1 00
Mary Sursa and hus et al to Jno C Foley wd, pt lt 5 blk 11 McKays ad Waukegn	700 00

A Woman's Awful Peril.

"There is only one chance to save your life and that is through an operation" were the startling words heard by Mrs. I. B. Hunt of Lime Ridge, Wis., from her doctor after he had vainly tried to cure her of a frightful case of stomach trouble and yellow jaundice. Gall stones had formed and she constantly grew worse. Then she began to use Electric Bitters which wholly cured her. It's a wonderful Stomach, Liver and Kidney remedy. Cures Dyspepsia, Loss of Appetite. Try it. Only 50 cts. Guaranteed. For sale by all druggists.

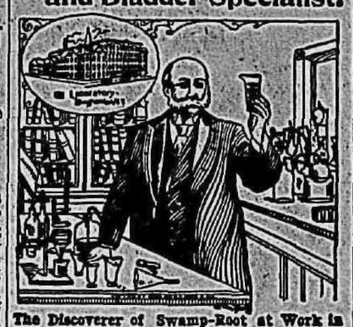
Old Missions in Texas.

There are a number of old missions in San Antonia that were built by the Franciscan monks, still picturesque in their ruins. They are located just outside the city, and are known as the Conception, San Jose de Aguayo and San Juan Capistrano. The missions are always attractive for the tourist, and of late an effort is being made to keep them in repair.

Free to Inventors.

The experience of C. A. Snow & Co. in obtaining more than 20,000 patents for inventors has enabled them to helpfully answer many questions relating to the protection of intellectual property. This they have done in a pamphlet treating briefly of United States and foreign patents, with cost of same, and how to procure them; trade marks, designs, caveats, infringements, decisions in leading patent cases. This pamphlet will be sent free to anyone writing to C. A. Snow & Co., Washington, D. C.

The Eminent Kidney and Bladder Specialist.



The Discoverer of Swamp-Root at Work in His Laboratory.

There is a disease prevailing in this country most dangerous because so deceptive. Many sudden deaths are caused by it—heart disease, pneumonia, heart failure or apoplexy are often the result of kidney disease. If kidney trouble is allowed to advance the kidney-poisoned blood will attack the vital organs, or the kidneys themselves break down and waste away cell by cell. Then the richness of the blood—the albumen—leaks out and the sufferer has Bright's Disease, the worst form of kidney trouble.

Dr. Kilmer's **Swamp-Root** the new discovery is the true specific for kidney, bladder and urinary troubles. It has cured thousands of apparently hopeless cases, after all other efforts have failed. At druggists in fifty-cent and dollar sizes. A sample bottle sent free by mail, also a book telling about Swamp-Root and its wonderful cures. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. and mention this paper.

FOX LAKE. ILL.

M. L. Galiger visited Grayslake Friday.

Mrs. A. Tweed was a Rollins visitor Saturday.

Thomas Galiger was a Grass Lake caller Sunday.

The men are at work with the scrapers on the new railroad again.

The Raught family were Fox Lake visitors the last of the week.

Some of the Fox Lake young people attended the party at B. Crossman's Saturday evening.

The Fox Lake school will open Monday morning, May 14, under the management of Miss Alice Cunningham.

Walter White has the honor of carrying the first load of passengers that got off the new railroad at White's Crossing to Fort Hill.

Mr. Baraboo, the railroad contractor, came back to Nippersink last Friday on the railroad and then crossed the river with his teams and working implements on a raft and began work on the other side.

On Saturday morning, May 5. 1900, at the home of his parents near Fox Lake, occurred the death of William, oldest son of Mr. and Mrs. C. Plotz. He had been sick for a long time and death was not unexpected. Just a few days before his death a little stranger came to gladden the home which the invalid was leaving, thus proving how strangely are earth's joys and sorrows intermingled. On Sunday afternoon after hearing words of consolation from the M. E. pastor of Lake Villa, the relatives followed the remains to the Angola cemetery where they were laid to rest. The sorrowing relatives have the sympathy of the community in the hour of their bereavement.

Tortured a Witness.

Intense suffering was endured by witness T. L. Martin. of Dixie. Ky., before he gave this evidence: "I coughed every night until my throat was nearly raw; then tried Dr. King's New Discovery which gave intense relief. I have used it in my family for four years and recommend it as the greatest remedy for Coughs, Colds and Throat, Chest and Lung troubles. It will stop the worst cough, and not only prevents but absolutely cures Consumption. Price 50c and $1. Every bottle guaranteed. Trial bottle free at all drug stores.

Kenosh County Old Settlers.

The board of directors of the Old Settlers' Club held a business meeting in Kenosha, Saturday the 5th instant. Henry Blackman was appointed Director to fill vacancy caused by the resignation and removal from the county of A. G. Pacey. It was determined to celebrate the National Birthday next July 4th, on the club grounds, at Paddock's Lake.

An Epidemic of Whooping Cough.

Last winter during an epidemic of whooping cough my children contracted the disease, having severe coughing spells. We had used Chamberlain's Cough Remedy very successfully for croup and naturally turned to it at that time and found it relieved the cough and effected a complete cure.—John E. Clifford, Proprietor Norwood House, Norwood, N. Y. This remedy is for sale by W. H. Emmons, Antioch, and Thomson's pharmacy, Grayslake.

Ayling Brothers Ink.

The NEWS office has just received a new stock of Ayling Brothers Jet Black Ink, non-corrosive and absolutely chemical proof Try a bottle and if you don't agree with us in saying that it is the best ink you ever used we will cheerfully refund you your money. Only 5 cents per bottle. 11tf

MISS LELIA WILLIAMS,
Graduate of
Chicago Musical College,
will accept a limited number of pupils
Vocal : or : Piano : Instruction.
ANTIOCH, ILL.

Nothing Like Sticking to a Good Thing

We've made a great record for CARPET Selling this Last Week.

The new weaves and patterns are pleasing and compliments in the way of ACTUAL PURCHASES have been many.

THE STORY IS THIS

All Wool, reversible heavy Ingrain Carpets, per yard.....60c
Cotton Chain, reversible, heavy Ingrain Carpets, per yard.....50c
Cotton Warp, reversible, heavy Ingrain Carpets, per yard.....45c

With these picture to yourself the most complete line of Mattings, Oil Cloths, Lace Curtains, Draperies, Poles and Furniture, Window Shades, Rugs and Art Squares, and your "ideals" will be found in one large carpet room—second floor.

"New goods—worthy goods, with prices that are 'right' make business hum."

G. R. LYON & CO.,
WAUKEGAN, ILL. LEADERS OF LOW PRICES.

PEOPLE'S COLUMN.

ADVERTISEMENTS under this head, of thirty words or less, 25 cents, each insertion. Additional words one cent per word, each insertion.

FOR SALE—A farm of 106 acres in good state of cultivation with good buildings and well improved, within one mile of postoffice and one mile from butter factory. Price $60 per acre one-half cash, balance on time. No trade propositions. Owner too old to work it. For particulars address THE NEWS, Antioch, Ill. tf

FOR SALE—I desire to sell my Lake Villa property in Richardson's addition. A bargain for some one. Address Mrs. N. A. Richardson, Baron, Baron County, Wis., or Mrs. J. Rowling, Lake Villa, Ill. 48tf



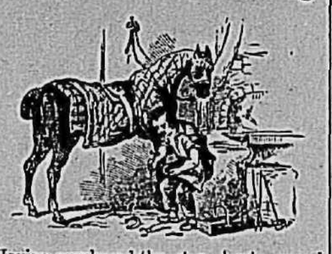
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THE OLDEST AND Most Reliable Liquid IN THE MARKET.

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.....NO HUMBUG.....
.....RELIABLE.....
.....CLEAN.....
.....SMOKELESS.....
.....ODORLESS.....
.....WATERPROOF.....
.....BRILLIANT.....
.....DURABLE.....

We Lead. Others Follow
Ask Your Jobber for "A. B."
Try Our C-D 5c. PAST POLISH.

General Blacksmithing!



Having purchased the shop lately owned by Henry Schlax, I am prepared to do all kinds of General Blacksmithing in the best possible manner and at lowest prices.

Horse-Shoeing a Special Feature.
Woodworking and General Repairs
Your patronage solicited.
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Jewelers and Opticians. | Scientific Spectacle Fitting by Graduate Opticians.
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The Brooke Barlow Investment Co
has Money To Loan
on good improved farms at 5 per cent interest. Inquire at the BANK OF ANTIOCH.
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Spectacles and Eye Glasses
Fitted Accurately at Lowest Prices.
OFFICE IN "THE GABLES."
Hours 8 to 12 a. m., 1 to 6 and 7 to 8 p. m except Thursday afternoons. Sundays 9 to 12 n. m.
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Consultation Free. Best Chicago References.

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DENTIST,
Opp. First National Bank,
WAUKEGAN, ILL.
Graduate of Pennsylvania College of Dental Surgery, of Philadelphia.

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Successor to A. E. HATCH,
Whose negatives I have on file

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Office at Williams Bros.' Store, ANTIOCH, ILL.
All Notarial Work promptly and accurately attended to. 27tf

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SECOND HAND INSTRUMENTS
of good quality if desired.
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AGENT FOR
The Mutual Life Insurance Company
OF NEW YORK.
The oldest and best of all old line insurance. Pay the largest dividend of any company.
Horses Taken in Exchange at Market Value

Grayslake Department

Catch up with the crowd

of buyers who are taking advantage of our present low prices

19 pounds of Granulated Sugar for	$1.00
Pillsbury's Best Flour, per sack	.95
13 bars of Ajax Soap for	.25
12 pounds of Washing Soda	.10
Garden Seeds, per package	.01
10-pound pail of Axle Grease	.35
Floor Matting, per yard	.10

SPECIAL

Wall Papers that were	12½	cents	go for	8 cts	
"	"	10	"	"	7 cts
"	"	8	"	"	6 cts
"	"	6-7	"	"	4 cts

F. D. Battershall, Grayslake.

An Unbreakable Side Corset



Made with extra stays re-inforcing side steels, yet so constructed as to not impair flexibility of corset. This feature will be appreciated by those who are troubled with corsets breaking; as usually the unbreakable corsets are so rigid as to be uncomfortable to the wearer and injurious to health. These two great obstacles are overcome with this corset.

Style 110, long, 5 hooks { Sizes, 18 to 30, price, $1.00
Style 310, medium, 4 " { Sizes, 31 to 39, price, $1.25

ALL P.N. CORSETS HAVE CORK PROTECTED CLASPS

CORK PROTECTED CLASPS which are in every pair of P. N. CORSETS, prevent rust spots in the undergarments and being soft and pliable are agreeable to the wearer.

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F. D. Battershall, Grayslake, Ill

GRAYSLAKE MAIL SERVICE.

ARRIVAL	DEPARTURE
7:46 A. M.	7:46 A. M.
10:13 A. M.	10:13 A. M.
4:45 P. M.	4:45 P. M.
6:00 P. M.	

Star Route going to Hainesville, Fort Hill and Volo arrives 9:30 A. M., leaves 10:30 A. M.

ANNA WHITMORE, P. M.

Village Officers.

President.....E. B. Sherman
Trustees..{O. Barron, O. Richardson, F. C. Wilbur, F. Battershall, C. B. Harvey, Dr. E. F. Shaffer
Clerk.....E. T. DeVoe
Treasurer.....H. H. Neville
Police Magistrate.....John J. Longabaugh
Marshall.....F. Frazier

Secret Societies.

RISING SUN Lodge No. 115 A. F. & A. M. hold regular communications Monday evening on or before full moon. S. C. Litwilder W. M. J. J. Longabaugh, Sec'y.

SOROSIS Chapter No. 329 Order Eastern Star meet first and third Tuesday evenings. Mrs. Carrie Higley, W. M. Mrs. Sadie Mead, Sec.

GRAYSLAKE Camp No. 1341 M. W. A. meet second and fourth Saturday evenings of each month. J. Murrie, V. C. John Christian, Clerk.

COURT OF HONOR No. 164 meeting 1st and 3rd Saturdays of each month, E. L. Rose, W. C. Mrs. V. Burge, Rec.

MIZPAH Camp No. 286 R. N. A. meet second and fourth Tuesday evenings each month. Mrs. Viola Kapple, Oracle, Mrs. Mary G. Morrill, Rec.

CONGREGATIONAL Church Sunday services 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Prayer meeting Wednesday evenings. Y. P. S. C. E. meet Sunday evenings at 6:45 p. m. Juniors meet Sunday 3 p. m. Sabbath School 11:30 a. m. Rev. Stevens, Pastor.

W. C. T. U. meetings every alternate Friday from 2 to 4 p. m. Mrs. E. Adams, Pres. Mrs. Florence Lusk, Rec. Sec.

ROCKEFELLER Lodge No. 815 I. O. O. F. meetings 2nd and 4th Thursdays. W. Doolittle, N. G. A. McMillen, Sec'y.

GRAYSLAKE Lodge M. W. W. No. 182 meetings 2nd and 4th Friday. E. Moore, W. M. P. A. Robinson, Sec'y

Grayslake Local.

What has become of the Grayslake band?

Mr. Robinson transacted business in Milwaukee Monday.

Miss Genett, of Dixon, is here to spend the summer with her sister, Mrs. O. Richardson.

Mrs. Wilson, of Long Lake, has been spending a few days with her sister, Mrs. Keubker.

Rev. Stevens and a number of the young people attended the C. E. convention at Ivanhoe on Saturday.

Mrs. Lawson and her son, of Chicago, spent last week with her sister, Mrs. Parker, of Hainesville.

The Ladies Church Aid society will meet at the home of Mrs. Rickey, Wednesday afternoon, May 16.

Mrs. Thomas Mead has been staying with her daughter, Mrs. Dr. Darby, of Wilmot, who has been quite ill.

Mr. Jacobson's wife has left town and gone to Chicago to make it her home. His daughter Florance is keeping house for him.

Mrs. Edwards, who has been visiting her daughter, Mrs. A. W. Harvey, returned to Hickory on Monday, where she found her son George's daughter very low with brain fever.

The May festival given by the Church Aid society on Thursday evening was a success in every way, proceeds amounted to $26.75. The ladies wish to thank Mr. Pickering, Prof. Fisher and others who assisted in the program.

School closed on Tuesday on account of a number of the children having scarlet fever. Those who now have it are Blanch Holten, Earl and Ives Loftus and Lea Strang. One of Will Doolittle's boys had a relapse and was dangerously ill the latter part of the week, but we are glad to report the little one now on the gain, as Mr. Doolittle's family has had a long siege of sickness.

W. B. Higley was called to Waukegan on Monday as a witness in the suit entered against the Wisconsin Central by the fireman that was hurt here in a wreck two years or so ago. Mr. Higley has been obliged to remain at Waukegan a number of days. A Mr. Jones of Wisconsin is attending to the station work here during his absence.

VOLO, ILL.

A large congregation in the M. E. church last Sunday. They listened to a beautiful sermon by the pastor.

Mrs. Albert and Mrs. Ambrose Raught spent last Saturday with Mrs. Culver and her sister, Mrs. Shultis, at Monaville.

Last Saturday a mad dog came to Geo. Benwell's and he shot it through the screen door on the porch wounding it slightly. It was followed to the Cloverdale factory where Albert Paddock succeeded in killing it. No one knew whose dog it was.

The Volo Sunday school elected officers last Sunday for another year. Mr. and Mrs. Townsend were re-elected by a unanimous vote. Miss Mary Raymond, secretary; A. P. Raught, treasurer; Miss Jennie Walton and Miss Mary Raymond, organists for Sunday school and church services.

Mr. Gullidge, teacher in the brick school, has organized a literary society which meets once in two weeks to test their talent and abilities. Next Friday afternoon they will have a temperance program. We hope the time is not every far distant when scientific temperance instructions will find a place in every public school.

The cemetery and the W. C. T. U. meeting at Mrs. George Wait's last Friday afternoon was a great success. About fifty ladies were present. Mrs. Hopper, the state corresponding secretary, and Mrs. Shepard, the county president, were there. Mrs. Hopper gave a splendid talk. Mrs. Benduhn and Mrs. Washburn, of Grayslake, each gave a recitation which were appreciated by all. Mrs. Shepard read the pledge and constitution. A number of ladies responded by putting on the white ribbon. A union was organized with twelve members. The name of the union is Louise Shepard, in honor of our worthy county president. The officers of the new union are: President, Mrs. Fanny Wait; Vice President, Mrs. George Wait; Secretary, Mrs. Fanny Payne; Treasurer, Mrs. Abba Fox. Success to the new union.

ROLLINS, ILL.

Little Burt Doolittle is very sick.

Clarence Edwards was home last week.

The Fourth Lake hotel is filled with guests.

Miss Lora Cremin was a Chicago visitor Friday.

Miss Minnie Drury was the guest of Miss Maude Edwards last week.

M. W. Marvin, county superintendent of Waukegan, visited the Mead school Wednesday.

Mrs. Lilly Hook was called to Wilmot, Wis., last week by the illness of her sister, Mrs. Dr. Darby.

Mrs. Cora Hook has been caring for her mother, Mrs. Compton, who has been quite ill the past week.

Some of the young people surprised Miss Bertha Hook with a party during her vacation home from Waukegan last week.

The Ladies Cemetery society met with Mrs. Henry Edwards on last Thursday, May 3. The afternoon was pleasantly spent. Those present were: Mrs. C. Doolittle, Mrs. Sam. Litwilder, Mr. and Mrs. A. Douglas of Lake Villa, Mrs. C. Crittendon, Mrs. M. A. Carter, Mrs. C. W. Hamilton, Mrs. Savage, Mrs. Jos. Garwood, Misses Lydia Edwards, Lora Cremin, Avi Doolittle, Maude Edwards, Minnie Drury, Alma Hendee and Mary Hook. The next meeting will be with Mrs. C. Doolittle, May 17.

C. Doolittle's family have company from Evanston.

Jacob McIntosh visited at Rollins the past week.

W. Doolittle's boy is very sick. Dr. Knight was called.

The young folks had a surprise party on Hattie Crittendon. All report a pleasant time.

Mrs. Hamilton and Mrs. Carter attended the Aid society at George Wait's at Volo on Friday.

W. Wilton's family were called to Waukegan to attend the funeral of Edward Moody, a child of Cora Hicks-Moody, who was burned to death.

MILLBURN, ILL.

Harry Adams, of Green Bay, Wis., was on our streets this week.

Walter Ross, of Fort Worth, Texas, visited at Mrs. Watson's the first of the week.

Mr. and Mrs. James Anderson, Jr., of Lake Forest, visited at Mr. Bonner's this week.

Mrs. Lawrence returned to her home here Thursday after spending the winter in Tabor, Iowa.

Mrs. Taylor and daughter Marjorie, and Miss Emily Wynn, of Waukegan, spent Sunday at Mrs. Bater's.

The regular monthly business meeting of the Y. P. S. C. E. will be held with Jeanie Thom on Friday evening.

Mrs. Brown and son Warren, of Chicago, are spending a few days with her parents, Mrs. and Mrs. W. F. Wentworth.

Mr. and Mrs. James Duncan and son Albert, and Mr. and Mrs. P. P. Ames, of Antioch, called on Millburn friends Sunday.

Mr. Herbert Mcqueen, of Chicago, and Mr. Ray Tombaugh, of Waukegan, visited friends here and attended church Sunday.

BRISTOL, WIS.

Mr. and Mrs. W. Jackson made a business trip to Chicago last Thursday.

Mrs. Bothlemy spent the week with friends at Avondale, Ill.

Miss Jessie Shumway, of Chicago, spent Sunday with her sister, Mrs. Will Foulke.

Miss Emma Castle spent Saturday and Sunday with Miss Mary Newell, at Russell.

Miss Polly Evans spent the first of the week with her mother and sister at Hebron, Illinois.

A number of the friends of Eugene Garrett gave him a pleasant surprise last Friday evening.

Miss Edith Murdock spent a couple of days of the past week with relatives at Union Grove.

Mr. and Mrs. Sam Knapp have moved into the Curtiss house lately occupied by Mr. Burroughs.

Mr. and Mrs. Bothlemy are entertiaining his sister, Mrs. M. Q. Merrick, and two children, from Avondale, Ill.

Mrs. C. Lacey and daughter Flo, of Chicago, were the guests of Mrs. Florence Ellis and daughter Grace, Sunday last.

The Epworth League will take charge of the services in the M. E. church next Sunday evening. It will be the eleventh anniversary of the Epworth League.

J. Q. Hood, Justice of the Peace, Crosby, Miss., makes the following statement: "I can certify that One Minute Cough Cure will do all that is claimed for it. My wife could not get her breath and the first dose relieved her. It has also benefitted my whole family." It acts immediately and cures coughs, colds, croup, grippe, bronchitis, asthma and all throat and lung troubles. Wm. T. Hill.

For four years Mr. Zingsheim suffered with piles but now his suffering has entirely vanished and he has gained twenty-five pounds.



John F. Zingsheim, Esq., of No. 9 Lark Street, Amsterdam, N. Y., writes: "I was afflicted with piles for four years brought on by heavy lifting. My suffering was extreme and the piles gradually increased in size notwithstanding the fact that I tried many different kinds of treatment. After becoming physically incapacitated and unable to work at all, and after much hesitation I wrote to you. I am very happy to state that your advice has done me great good. You advised Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, also his 'Pleasant Pellets.' They have cured me. I thank you most heartily for what you did for me. All suffering has entirely vanished and I have gained about twenty-five pounds in weight. I used only one bottle of 'Golden Medical Discovery' and one vial of the 'Pellets.'"

Piles is a disease that is usually treated locally with ointments which are well enough in their way but do not touch the *cause*.

This is where Dr. Pierce's medicines excel—they cure the cause of disease and of necessity the disease itself disappears. Piles are caused by a severe inflammation of the lining of the rectum and lower intestines, and this inflammation is due to the presence of effete, poisonous matter. To cure it two things are necessary, 1st—thorough cleansing of the bowels; 2d—the soothing and cooling of the inflamed membranes.



The first is produced by Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. Two little 'Pellets'—about twice the size of a pin head—are a dose. They are the pleasantest cathartic known. They do not gripe but they do their work.

Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery cools and purifies the blood and acts as a general tonic to the whole digestive system, neutralizing and eradicating all poisonous, irritating matter.

The patient who takes these two remedies will not only find his piles cured but will soon discover that his general health is greatly improved.

Dr. Pierce's Pellets cure biliousness.

AROUND FOX LAKE.

Mrs. O. J. Weidner is out for the season.

Mr. Pearce, of Crab Apple Island, was out.

Mrs. Oliver Sollitt's sister, Miss Daisy Heinking, is out for the summer.

At the Meneola the Cameron brothers were out and launched their yacht "Skip."

Dr. and Mrs. Bentley and Geo. Lomax, wife and son were out on the south shore over Sunday.

Quite a few people were at the Bohemian club over Sunday and they took home several good sized fish.

Ex-Alderman Lyke and wife, also Mrs. Montgomery, his daughter, are out and will remain for a week or two.

The cottagers are commencing to open up their cottages and soon quite a few of them will be out for the summer.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Kline are out superintending the setting out of new trees and shrubs, and Mr. Kline is incidentally catching some big fish.

Rowden, the Chicago dancing master, who managed the dances at the Eastside hotel last summer, will take charge of the Ramaker house dances this year.

On the east shore Mr. and Mrs. Pitkin, James Adams, Walter Kimbark and Orlando Ware, Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Sollitt, O. J. Weidner, G. G. Weidner were out over Sunday.

Manager Lowry, of the Eastside hotel, had a few people to look after. Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Barnum and party, W. B. Barrett. Frank Hansell, R. F. Morris and Victor Born.

On the north shore Mr. James Gardner, Mr. Lyford and brother and Mr. and Mrs. Benj. Felix were out over Sunday. Arthur Gardner has been out for over three weeks and will remain at least a week longer.

Al. Bowers, the Waukegan boat builder, put the following boats in the water last Saturday: Kimbark's Little Mib, Barrett's Margaret and Hansell's new boat the Carpet Slipper. The last named boat is a twenty foot mosquito built on the same lines as Cap. Johnnie Williamson's flyer the Dewey.

A dditional Correspodence on fourth page.

A Clean Clear Brain.

Your best feelings, your social position or business success depend largely on the perfect action of your Stomach and Liver. Dr. King's New Life Pills give increased strength, a keen, clear brain, high ambition. A 25 cent box will make you feel like a new being. Sold by all druggists.

Beggars That Are Not Beggars.

An elocutionist in reciting Kipling's "Absent Minded Beggar," put tears into his voice when he came to the word "beggar," under the impression that it had the meaning of mendicant. Beggar is quite as likely to mean to Englishmen what "chap" means to us. Its use is often the reverse of uncomplimentary. "Oxford men are beggars to row," an Englishman will tell you, or very likely he will say "Americans are beggars to stand by their flag." The "absent minded beggar" is simply a man who forgets sordid considerations in his willingness to serve his country, and is therefore heroic.—Boston Transcript.

Horse Breeders Attention.

I wish to call the attention of horse breeders to the fact that I am prepared to castrate colts on short notice and at reasonable prices. Having had several years experience in this line of work I am prepared to guarantee satisfaction. Call on or address, John McGuire, Hickory. 82t

Loomis Laundry

216 W. Randolph St.
Chicago.
Antioch Office at
WILLIAMS BROTHERS.

Packages left there on or before
10:00 A. M. Wednesday,
will be ready **Saturday**

E. F. SHAFFER, M. D.,
Physician and Surgeon,
Gray's Lake, Ill.
Calls promptly attended to 29

HOMER E. JAMISON, M. D.,
Millburn, Illinois.
Office Hours Saturday and Sunday afternoon and evenings. Telephone connection with Lake Villa and Wadsworth.

RAPIDLY DEVELOPING NORTHERN WISCONSIN.

The settler and manufacturer who have located in the northern portion of the Badger State, are developing and improving that immense tract of rich country very rapidly. Tillers of the soil are coming in and new factories are going up. There is reason for this. The quality and quantity of iron ore, clay, kaolin, marl and timber lands tell the secret. Nature yields its riches to those who toil. Opportunities are still plentiful, for much of the rich undeveloped land is awaiting the settler and manufacturer. It can be obtained on easy terms and at low figures.

The Wisconsin Central Ry

The pioneer road of the northern section of Wisconsin, affords cheap and excellent transportation facilities, thus opening the markets of the entire country to the products of that section. Those interested can obtain free illustrated pamphlets and maps upon application to

W. H. Killen, Land and Industrial Commissioner, Colby & Abbot bldg., Milwaukee, Wis. Burton Johnson, G. F. A. Jas. C. Pond, G. P. A., Milwaukee, Wis.

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And We Promise You We Are Here to Stay!

But we cannot promise you $2.00 worth of goods for $1.00 in money. We will give you just as good goods as you can get anywhere for your dollar. Embalming done by the latest methods. Calls answered day or night. Lady assistant.

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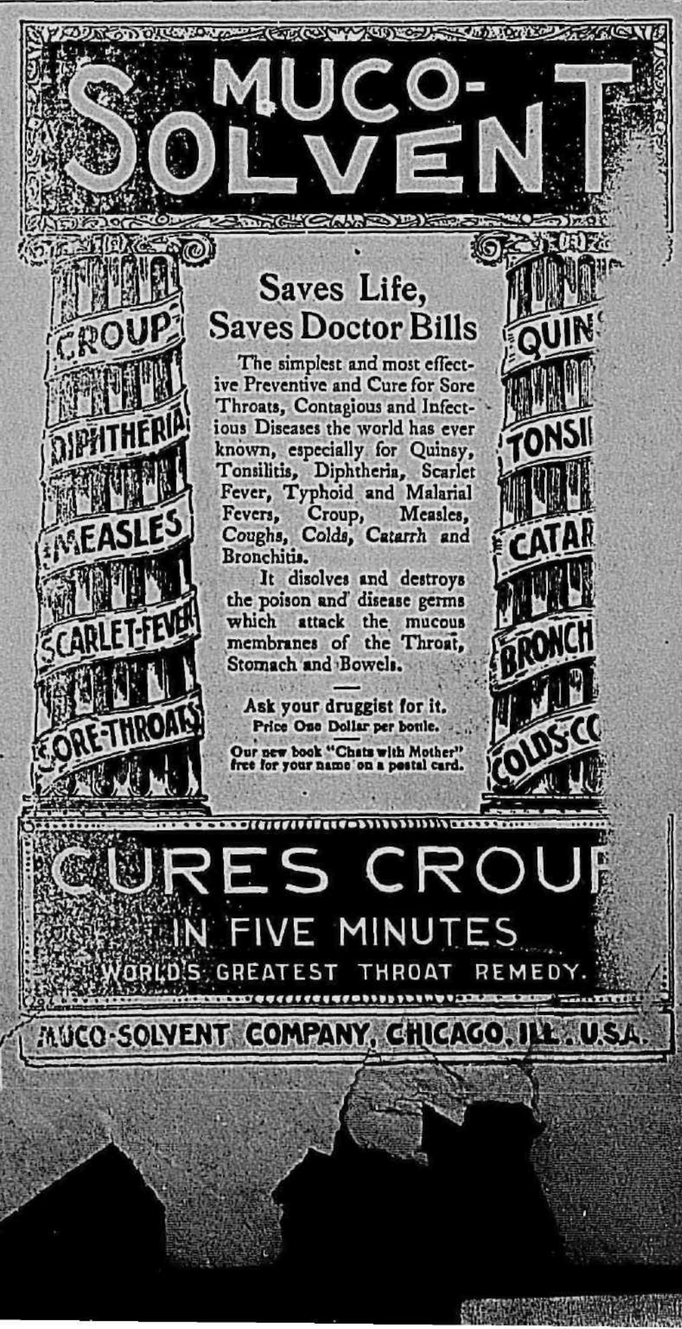
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MONTGOMERY WARD & Co.
Michigan Av. & Madison St., Chicago





The Swamp Secret

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CHAPTER XXI.—(Continued.)

"Samanthy!" she called in a low, excited whisper. "Samanthy!"

"What's wanted?" asked Samanthy from the kitchen.

"Come here," said Nannie. "Be quick!"

"What's up now?" demanded Samanthy, coming to the pantry door. "Can't you find the hops? They're——"

"The barn door's open. I do believe somebody's after Uncle Ezra's horses," said Nannie. "Look and see—I'm not mistaken."

"Good Lord!" cried Samanthy, running to the window. "'Tis so, true's you're alive! Nancy Boone, it's hoss thieves, ye can d'pend on it! They thought we was all off to meetin', 'n' they'd hev clear sailin'!"

"Oh, what'll we do?" cried Nannie. "Do you think it would scare 'em if we screamed?"

"I'll scare 'em," said Samanthy, grimly and resolutely. "Jest keep as still as de'th, an' h'ist that winder about two inches. Be spry about it, too."

Nannie knew that any plan of action Samanthy might decide on would be wiser and more effective than any she might propose, so without stopping to ask questions, she raised the window, as directed, while Samanthy was in the kitchen.

She came back with Mr. Porter's old musket.

"Oh!" almost shrieked Nannie. "You aren't going to shoot them, are you?"

"I be ef I can," replied Samanthy. "I don't expect to hit nothin' 'cept the side o' the barn, but ef I don't 'twon't be my fault. If I don't hit, mebbe I'll scare 'em."

She thrust the muzzle of the gun through the opening, and waited.

Presently she fancied that she saw something moving back in the shadow with which the barn seemed to be filled. It was impossible to make out whether it was a man or not, but it was safe to conclude that it must be, for the door would not have been open had human agency not been exerted on it.

"Hol' yer breath," whispered Samanthy, bracing her feet and shutting her eyes. "I'm goin' to pull the trigger."

There was a second of awful silence, then a report that would have done credit to a small cannon, and Samanthy measured her length on the floor.

"Land o' goodness! How it kicked!" groaned the prostrate damsel. "I reckon I'd orter p'inted it t'other way."

At the barn there had been a quick, sharp cry from the shadow in the doorway, a frightened oath from another inside, and then a man staggered and fell across the log sill, with a red stream of blood spurting from his breast.

"Are you hit?" cried the other, coming to his side and attempting to raise him to his feet.

"Yes," was the husky answer. "I guess I'm done for at last. Don't stay here. You can't do any good if you do. They won't hang me after I'm dead. Make tracks, partner."

"But I can't leave you in this fix," said the other. "You may not be hurt as bad as you think. Couldn't you walk by leaning on me? Try it."

"It's no use," was the reply. "I'm shot through the body. Run for it if you want to save your neck."

His companion hesitated. It seemed too cowardly to leave a wounded comrade like this, even if remaining at his side could afford him no help. A hoarse rattle in the throat of the wounded man decided him.

"Well, then, good-by, old fellow," he said, putting out his hand and touching the other's arm at parting. "I'd stay if I could help you, if I hung for it," he added, still wavering between a desire to be loyal to an old companion in crime and a longing to seek personal safety.

The only answer was a gurgling sound in the throat of the dying man. He knew knew that his companion's life was ending, and he sprang over his body and fled into the darkness.

"I reckon I've convinced 'em we wa'n't all *away from hum*," said Samanthy, struggling to her feet. "I'll bet I'll be black'n blue to-morrer from the kickin' o' that gun. I never see nothin' like it."

"Are you hurt much?" asked Nannie, beginning to recover from her fright.

"Not seri'us, I guess," replied Samanthy. "Supposen you look out an' see ef you can see anything."

Nannie went to the window just in time to see the man running toward the cornfield.

"One's running," she answered. "And, oh, Samanthy"—with a frightened quaver in her voice—"there's something lying in the barn door that looks as if it might be a man! Oh, Samanthy, what if it should be! What will you do if you've killed him?"

"Sha'n't wear mournin' fer him," said Samanthy, beginning to feel queer, as she afterward related this part of the story to her friends. "I wouldn't like to know I'd killed somebody, but ef 'twas a hoss thief, somebody'd orter kill him, an' I dunno but it mought as well be me's anybody else."

"We ought to let Uncle Porter know," said Nannie. "Oh, Samanthy!"—suddenly—"I wouldn't wonder in the least if they'd got our horses too."

"Like's not," said Samanthy. "Ef you'll go right down an' let 'em know what's happened, I'll stay here and keep watch."

"Oh, I wouldn't dare to!" cried Nannie. "What if I met one of the horse-thieves?"

"Then you stay here, an' I'll go," said Samanthy.

"Let's both go," said Nannie. "It wouldn't do any good for one of us to stay here while the other was gone."

To this plan Samanthy assented, and they set off on a run for the camp-meeting grounds.

"It cured my toothache, anyway," said Samanthy. "I declare 't was luck I had it, wa'nt it? It sent me hum at jest the right time. Ef we 'd 'a' b'en five minutes later, they 'd 'a' b'en gone with the hosses."

Mr. Porter was in the midst of a stirring exhortation when the two women reappeared at the camp-meeting.

Samanthy went up to him and gave his arm a twitch.

"You'd better [illegible]," she whispered. "There's trubble to the barn. Hoss-thieves, I reck'n!"

CHAPTER XXII.

Mr. Porter broke off his exhortation very abruptly, and joined Mr. Boone, to whom Nannie had gone with the news of what had happened.

It was evident to all, from the action and manner of the women, that something unusual had taken place, and a crowd soon gathered about them, for information.

Samanthy told all there was to tell in as few words as possible.

Five minutes later the services of the evening were declared ended, and the entire congregation set off for Mr. Porter's.

"Did you say Samanthy shot one?" asked Rhoda, coming up to where Nannie stood, with her mother and Mrs. Porter. "Oh, dear! Isn't it dreadful! I shan't sleep a wiuk to-night thinking of it."

"Neither shall I," said Nannie. "I haven't got the sound of that gun out of my ears yet. It doesn't seem to me as if I ever would. Come home with me, Rhoda. Your aunt will have plenty of company, and won't need you. Do come, please! I can't bear to think of staying alone, and you haven't stayed with me in a long time."

Rhoda consented, and the party followed the men from the camp ground.

It was a crowd of stern-faced men that gathered about the barn a few minutes later.

"She hit one, sure enough," said the foremost settler, as he paused at the open stable door. "He's hurt purty bad, or dead, I reckon, jedgin' from the blood."

"Lift him up," said Mr. Boone. "Mebbe he's fainted."

Two men stepped forward and attempted to lift the figure in the doorway.

"He's dead," said one of them, after partially raising the body. "Neighbors, there's one less horse thief in this world," he added, solemnly, yet not without a sound of satisfaction in his voice.

There was a moment of deep silence in the crowd. The presence of death kept down the demonstration of the excitement that every man felt.

Just then Wayne came up, in company with one of the ministers.

"We heard you had caught a horse thief, and came to gratify a curiosity to see what one of the animals looked like," he said, with a laugh. But Mr. Boone fancied that he detected an uneasy sound *in the speaker's voice, and that the laugh* which accompanied the words seemed forced and unnatural.

"We have," said Mr. Porter, holding his lantern so that the light of it fell full upon the dead man's face.

Wayne started back with a frightened exclamation. He stood for a moment and looked upon the ghastly sight, then turned away with a shudder that he could not hide and walked toward the house.

"The wrath of God smites the transgressor," said the minister, solemnly. "May he have mercy on this poor sinner's soul! Let us pray."

And kneeling by the dead, among an awe-struck company which stood with bared, bowed heads, the good man prayed, and the sound of his voice was all that broke the silence until "Amen!" was said.

A hasty consultation was held concerning the disposal to be made of the body.

Before it was concluded, Mr. Boone came hurrying up with the news that his horses were gone.

"I tell you what it is, men," said one of the settlers, as he listened to the tidings, "ef we ever git track o' the thieves, we've got to do it now. Them with Boone's horses can't have more'n an hour's start of us, an' it seems as if they must ha' left some track behind. This"—pointing to the body in the doorway—"'ll be quite likely to put an end to their performances in this neighborhood for a spell, anyway, an' we don't want 'em to git away if it's possible to find 'em. We've hunted fer 'em high 'n' low, an' hunted thurrer, but we hain't got on to the right trail fer some reason or another. We hain't never found out what they'd done so soon after they'd did it as we hev this time. Ef we turn out an' s'arch as ef we meant bisness, I can't help feelin' 's ef we could get some track of 'em. It seems so, anyway. An' I go in fer makin' such a hunt as we hain't made yit, though I don't know's we can be a bit more thurrer'n we hev b'en. But we can try, anyhow; an' ef we do find any signs of 'em, we can foller 'em up ef we git right at it an' don't waste no time. What say, neighbors?"

A hearty murmur of assent went over the crowd.

Lights were procured, and a close examination of the premises about Mr. Boone's barn began.

"Here's their tracks plain's day," *declared Bill Green, as eager for the pursuit* of horse thieves now as he had been an hour ago for pardon of his sins. "I feel's ef we was goin' to fetch 'em this time. I do so!"

An hour later there was unbroken quiet where, so short a time before, there had been so much excitement. They were on the trail of the horse thieves at last.

The dead man's body had been placed in the barn to await burial on the morrow.

It was twelve o'clock when the lights carried by the men who were on track of the horse thieves faded into faint glimmers in the distance, and finally dwindled into so many sparks, and then seemed to go out in the darkness of the night.

In the kitchen at Mr. Porter's the women and ministers were talking over the exciting events of the evening. Wayne had retired. The clock struck one.

"I declare," exclaimed Mrs. Boone, "I'd no idee 'twas so late! Come, Mis' Holdredge, let's be goin', or we sha'n't git any rest to-night, an' I feel clear beat out."

Mrs. Holdredge was a visitor from "down below," whom Mrs. Boone had invited home with her from camp meeting.

"Are you ready, Nannie?" asked Mrs. Boone, as she and Mrs. Holdredge rose to go.

"You can go on, mother, and Rhoda and I'll come right along," responded Nannie. "I want to see Samanthy a minute."

Mrs. Boone and her friend took their departure, and Nannie called Samanthy into the pantry for consultation.

"Dick ought to know what's happened," said Nannie. "It may be that the knowledge of it would be of great advantage to him. Hadn't I better write a few lines and put them in the hollow tree? He'll find them to-morrow, if he's already been there to-night."

"I reckon 'twould be a good idee," said Samanthy.

So Nannie tore a blank leaf out of the front part of a hymn book and hurriedly wrote a few lines, explaining the condition of affairs.

"I'll leave it there on my way home," she said. "Good night, Samanthy. I'm glad I didn't shoot that man, but I don't think you did wrong. Nobody does."

"Neither du I," said Samanthy. "But I do feel awful curi's over it somehow. He desarved it, but—I'd ruther some one else 'd did it. But it's done, and can't be helped; an' I dunno's I'm sorry or hev any call tu be. Mought jest as well be me tu du it as anybody else, as I said afore; but——"

Nannie and Rhoda took their departure, and Samanthy went to her room and went to bed, but not to sleep. The face of the dead man alone in the barn seemed before her constantly. She was honest with herself when she said that she felt she had done right, and yet the thought that a man had come to his death by her act was anything but a pleasant one.

"He desarved it," she kept saying to herself, but I'd ruther somebody else had did it."

CHAPTER XXIII.

"Rhoda," said Nannie, when they were half way to Mr. Boone's, "will you wait here a minute while I go down the road just a little way? I'll be back in no time. Some time I'll tell you all about it."

"Yes, I'll stay," said Rhoda, rather reluctantly, and greatly wondering what Nannie's errand could be in that direction, at that time of night.

"I'll be right back," said Nannie, as she hurried away. "Don't be afraid, Rhoda."

"N—no," responded Rhoda, feeling more that she was afraid, in spite of her assurance to the contrary.

She sat down on a log behind a clump of bushes to await Nannie's return.

The moon, which had been partially obscured, came out from behind a cloud, and looking toward Mr. Porter's, she saw that the window in the gable of the house was raised and a man was leaning out.

As she saw this she became conscious of a sound which she vaguely remembered to have heard before, since leaving Mr. Porter's—the call of a night bird.

But as she listened to it now, there seemed to be something peculiar about it, which she had never noticed in the call before.

It was given three times. Then the *forest from which it came was silent* again.

Looking toward Mr. Porter's, she saw that the man who had been looking out of the window, apparently listening, was now climbing out upon the roof of the shed.

"It must be the singing teacher," she thought. "But what can he be getting out of the house in that way for?"

The man she was watching dropped lightly to the ground from the shed roof, and came toward the road. Then he leaped the fence and came directly toward the spot where she was hidden.

"What shall I do?" thought Rhoda, frightened half to death. "I don't dare run, and I don't dare scream. Oh, if Nannie would only come back!"

Being so badly frightened, she did nothing but shrink back closer into the screening shadow of the bush behind which she was sitting.

Then she heard steps coming from the opposite direction. Evidently Mr. Wayne had come to meet some one, and his visitor was approaching.

The two men met in the sheltering shadow of an old cottonwood, not fifteen feet away from where the frightened girl was crouching, her heart beating such a tattoo against her ribs that it seemed to her they must hear it.

"Is that you, Number Five?" asked Wayne.

"Yes, it's me," was the reply. "It's been a bad night for us, captain."

"Yes, it has been a bad night for us," responded Wayne. "Number Six has got through with his troubles."

"They got away all right with the horses from the other place," said the man called Number Five. "They're hot after us, but I think we'll be able to throw them off the scent, after all. When do we leave the swamp, captain? It's getting to be almost too hot for us in this vicinity, and the sooner we're out of it the better I shall be satisfied."

"I will join you to-morrow night, and we will leave at once," replied Wayne. "See that everything is in readiness for a start as soon as I arrive. How many horses are there in all?"

"Six," was the reply. "That is, there will be six if they succeed in running in those they got away with to-night. There's the two from Deer Creek, the two from the crossroads, and to-night's haul."

"One apiece for us, since Number Six *has thrown up his hand*," said Wayne. "That won't be so bad, after all, if we get them out of the swamp all right. It's a lucky thing that we hit upon the Big Swamp for a hiding place. They have an idea, about here, that it's impossible to get a horse into it, so they haven't thought of looking there for us. Poor Number Six! I'm sorry to leave him behind. Let's see—the plan of taking the horses down the creek from the road till it got deep enough to take them into the swamp on a raft originated with him, didn't it? I wish he were going with us, but I suppose it was his fate to be shot, and fate's something none of us can get away from, I take it."

"It'll be beginning to grow light soon," said the other. "I think I'd better be on the move. You'll be there to-morrow night, then?"

"I'll be there by midnight if nothing happens," said Wayne. "Have everything packed and in readiness to leave as soon as I join you. Do you know where the settlers are making their search to-night?"

"Some of them have gone up the creek," was the reply. "Our men took the horses into the thick weeds at the edge of the marsh, up the road, and from that into the creek, and then down stream and across the road; and if the settlers come on any tracks it'll puzzle them to tell which way we went, for it's hard to tell which way tracks point in a marsh and running water. I hardly think they'll get on the right scent before we're safely out of the country, if we leave to-morrow night."

"Well, take care of yourself," said Wayne. "I'll be on hand by midnight, sure. Good night, Number Five."

"Good night, captain," responded the other.

Then they separated, one going back to the house and the other into the woods.

Rhoda wondered if she was really awake. She could hardly credit the evidence of her senses.

"So Wayne's the leader of the gang of horse thieves!" said she to herself, in a frightened whisper. "And I've found out the whole thing! Dear me! It scares me to think of it. It don't seem as if it could be possible! I must have dreamed it! Where can Nannie be all this time? I wish she could have been here and heard it all!"

(To be continued.)

A Kaffir "Smoker."

In South Africa the native woman smokes incessantly. Your native servant smokes as she cooks and as she washes. The tobacco she likes is rank. The dainty cigarette an English or Russian lady of fashion enjoys, smoked through a quill, so that no nicotine can stain either teeth or fingers, would be sneered at by a Kaffir. "Give me a *pipe and something in it I can taste*," is in effect what she says.

The men Kaffirs are beyond tobacco. They smoke something so vehement that it makes them cough and splutter, lose their breath, choke and sneeze to an alarming degree. They like snuff, too, and are fond of offering and taking pinches of it ("schniff" they call it) when they meet and visit one another.

Regarding tobacco as too mild for their taste, the Kaffirs take another weed and smoke that. They proceed to arrange a smoking party by squatting on the ground and getting ready their "pipe," a cow horn with a thin tube in it inserted halfway down at right angles to the horn. The end of the tube is in a basin, and it is from it that the smoker sucks the strong stuff that makes him incapable of anything but a series of coughs and chokes for some time after he has had his turn at the pipe, which is passed around from man to man, until a perfect chorus of coughs rends the air.

The tobacco the Boers smoke looks like poor tea, and is peculiar in flavor, yet Englishmen who have become used to it acquire such a taste for it that they never ask for any other kind.—London Daily Mail.

Ready for Duty.

J. W. Scherer, in his "Daily Life During the Indian Mutiny," says that when the rains fell, bringing with them fever and cholera, the horrors of the campaign were, of course, redoubled. When the outbreak came, some men, holding isolated positions until the last moment of safety, were compelled to flee through almost incredible difficulties and dangers.

One man, Mowbray Thomson, when interrogated about the hardships he had undergone, spoke of them with the utmost simplicity, as if they were ordinary circumstances, to be looked for in "the day's work" of life.

"Some years after a London banker, sitting next me at dinner, began talking about Thomson, and asked me if I had ever met him. I told him that I had seen him every day, for a year or two.

"Well," said he, "I met him once in London, and I shall never forget an answer he made to a question of mine."

"What was the question?"

"I asked him, 'When you got once more among your countrymen, and the whole terrible thing was over, what on earth was the first thing you did?'

"'Did!' cried he. 'Why, I went and reported myself as present and ready for duty!'"

Protection for Soldiers.

A Western woman inventor, who devised the fireproof helmet for firemen, urges the government to adopt a small skull cap and a breastplate, arm piece and thigh pieces of aluminium, painted the same color as the uniform. The weight is inconsiderable, and when properly made it will turn a rifle bullet up to a very short distance. The metal is now down to less than 50 cents a pound, and a complete outfit would not weigh more than five pounds. The saving of life and limb would more than repay the cost of a thousand times over. The same metal, she says, should be employed for canteens, rifle stocks, knapsack frames, flagstaffs, drum frames and tent poles.

One Ahead.

Mrs. A. was having one of her houses cleaned, preparatory to letting it to a new tenant. Assisting her was a "cleaner," who proved to be very inefficient.

Finding a room which was supposed to be in order still very dirty, Mrs. A. swept it herself. Then she said to Bridget, whom she met in the hall:

"Why, Mrs. Ryan, I thought you said you had swept the front room, and here I have got a whole dustpan full of dirt out of it."

Nothing disconcerted, Bridget responded with a beaming smile:

"Did ye now, ma'am? I got two."

Why Boiling Water Bubbles.

Boiling water bubbles because the vapor rising through the water is confined and forces up bubbles in its effort to escape. All the air of water is expelled at the commencement of its boiling. Sugar and salt retard the process of boiling because they increase the density of the water, and whatever increases the density of a fluid retards its boiling.

Cuteness in a child develops into downright impudence as the years roll by.

A gruff old bachelor always looks under the head of marriage notices for news of the weak.

If a man has a good memory he is able to forget judiciously.

FACTS ABOUT THE CENSUS.

The most difficult task of a census enumerator is to obtain information about the ages of people. It is assumed that a woman may lie about her age and a man about the fish he catches without committing sin, but the phenomenon goes still further. Young people usually want to be considered old, middle-aged people report themselves younger than they are and very old people will add a few years to their actual age. Children under 15 throw their ages forward to 10, girls stretch a point to be 18 and boys 10 or more always like to be considered men. Therefore the age returns of a census are usually more incorrect than any other, and it is impossible to determine accurately whether the average duration of life is increasing or decreasing. It is impossible, for the same reason, to ascertain the death rate, the number of men of military age; whether negroes die earlier than whites; whether the laboring part of the population live longer than those of sedentary occupation; whether criminals are recruited from the younger or older element of society; whether the employment of children is increasing or decreasing, and many other estimates whose value is threatened by the inaccuracy of the age statistics.

Experienced enumerators have found that the tendency of people is to represent themselves younger than they actually are. This impulse seems to be irresistible between the ages of 25 and 60. The greatest proportion of errors is at the 60th year, but the greatest number is at the 30th year or 40th year. At this fatal Rubicon people usually falter. In 1890 there were 618,641 persons reported as 30 years of age, 1,037,330 as 40 and 486,853 persons as 41. Among women 500,774 were reported to be 40, 200,977 39, 224,551 41. With a fairly steady flow of immigration and a stationary or increasing population there ought always to be fewer persons of a given age than of any single age preceding; less people 50 years old than 49 and so on. But census tables invariably show the reverse.

STRIKE TIES UP MILLIONS.

Chicago Capital Lying Idle Pending Settlement of Labor Troubles.

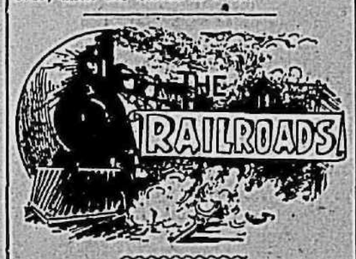
While the contractors and workmen of Chicago are engaged in their desperate struggle millions of dollars that would under ordinary circumstances find circulation are tied up. The amount is variously estimated from $16,000,000 to $50,000,000. The effect is felt not only in Chicago, but throughout the entire country. A few days ago the expense of the building trades' contest was estimated at $20,000,000 up to that time. With each passing day the loss has increased.

Contractors and workmen alike are beginning to concede that much of this will never be invested in building operations now. The most conservative element agrees that it will be withheld for at least a year. Aside from the buildings that are under way and that have been delayed, preventing the capital invested from becoming productive, there are numerous big enterprises that will not be undertaken until the labor war is ended. A number of buildings contemplated for erection this spring have now been abandoned.

Among the big enterprises tied up the following have been made public:

Chicago postoffice	$3,000,000
Blaine school	300,000
Car shop and box factory for Anglo-American Provision Co.	150,000
Railroad terminals at Stickney tract (estimated)	$500,000 to 1,500,000
Waller high school, George Dewey, Calumet Avenue, Charles W. Earle, Prescott, Darwin and Madison Avenue schools	500,000

The schools are all under roof and 75 per cent of the way toward completion. No further progress can be made, however, until the strike is over.



Work is being pushed upon the Rock Island extension from Kingfisher to Guthrie.

A new station, to cost $30,000, will be built by the Chicago and Northwestern road at Beloit, Wis.

It is said that the proposed electric railway between Aurora and Chicago via Wheaton will be built this year.

Western roads are trying to reach an agreement to contribute no cash toward the promotion of "street fairs" and similar enterprises.

A plan is on foot looking to the consolidation of all the elevated railroads of Chicago with an aggregate stock of more than $51,000,000.

The Burlington road will run summer excursions between Colorado and Chicago similar to those recently announced by the Rock Island.

St. Louis traveling salesmen are trying to induce the railroads to issue interchangeable excess baggage tickets, to be sold at a discount.

The "Soo" line ran its first "home-seekers' excursion" on May 1 from the Northwest to New York, Boston and several cities in eastern Canada.

After several months of great inconvenience and marked financial losses the Chicago terminal lines have succeeded in lifting the blockade of freight cars in the local yards and have smothered the freight car famine out of existence.

The Union Pacific has announced its intention of re-establishing the feeding-in-transit rule for stock, for which no additional freight charges will be made.

The Northern Pacific inaugurated its double daily train service to the Pacific coast from St. Paul, Minneapolis and Duluth to Helena, Butte, Spokane, Seattle, Tacoma and Portland.

An order was recently issued by the Southern Railway, applicable to South Carolina and Georgia, prohibiting the use of cigarettes by employes and forbidding the future employment of cigarette smokers.

COMMERCIAL AND FINANCIAL

New York.—There have been further shipments of gold this week, but money rates continue easy and the outflow of the metal has had no appreciable effect on the situation. Even the stock markets have almost entirely ignored the matter. Money in New York is being freely offered as low as 4 per cent on loans running the rest of the year. Call money in Wall street has this week loaned below 2 per cent, and the Chicago banks have voluntarily reduced their rates from 5 to 4½ per cent.

The stock markets have been dull and narrow. Throughout the week the movement has been unsatisfactory to both the bull and bear interests. Neither side has shown any aggressiveness, and the consequence is that fluctuations have been too small to permit of much in-and-out trading.

Chicago.—Speculative dealings on the *Board of Trade were of fair volume and* more than average activity in all the chief markets, with the one important exception of wheat, which was for the most part dull. Fluctuations in the latter were confined to a narrow range. From such a showing it is clear that speculative feeling is not far from being evenly balanced between bulls and bears. That is likewise further attested by a remark heard frequently from both sides, and as often from the one as the other, that they can see "nothing in the market." The equilibrium might easily be upset by any one of quite a number of possibilities. The world has still to live three months on last year's crop, and from the present outlook and rate of consumption commercial stocks are likely to be reduced to a point that might of itself threaten serious loss to short sellers. The season in Europe is late, and consumption might be prolonged thereby somewhat beyond the usual time. In addition the prospect at present is for a poor crop in France and a deficient yield in the United Kingdom. Perfect conditions for the home crop in the Southwest are minimized to some extent by the poor outlook in several of the important wheat-growing States of the central winter wheat area. Accidents may happen where the crop is now the most promising, and the ravages of insects in the already infested districts are, from recent information on the subject, rapidly spreading into fresh territory. Anything is possible of the spring wheat crop. The price of wheat is low; cautious men are not selling it short. The advance in corn and provisions has been checked and both have suffered some depreciation in value.

ROBERTS CROSSES THE VET.

Camps at Smaldeel, While Gen. Hamilton Occupies Winburg.

Lord Roberts' march on Pretoria still continues. The British field marshal, with eleven divisions, encamped Monday at Smaldeel. The occupation of this village was accomplished after some clever maneuvering, which resulted only in nominal casualties on the British side.

The capture of Winburg by the British is confirmed. By the occupation of Winburg Gen. Ian Hamilton puts himself nearly parallel with Lord Roberts, and only twenty-nine miles eastward, while he has the additional advantage of being connected with his chief by means of the railroad which runs from Smaldeel, or Winburg road station, as it is sometimes called, to Winburg. The only feature of the carefully devised plan of general advance that is not disclosed by the swift developments is that part Gen. Buller has elected to take in the operations. At present there are no indications of any movement on the part of the Natal army.

Two guns are said to have been captured by Gen. Hamilton, while Gen. Hutton's troops took a Maxim and twenty-five prisoners at Smaldeel. The Boers are represented as fleeing toward the Zand river, in the direction of Kronstad. Lord Roberts appears to intend to leave the Boers about Thabanchu to be dealt with by Gens. Rundle, Chermside and Brabant. It is hinted that the British commander of the forces in South Africa wishes to demonstrate that he can cope with the main Boer army along the Orange Free State railway with only a fragment of his whole force.

Londoners are severely criticising the Government because of its failure to grasp the seriousness of the Ashanti rebellion. It is declared that the Government is deliberately minimizing the gravity of the situation in order to avert a general clamor for heroic measures to suppress the uprising.

TOWNE IS AGREED UPON.

Minnesota Man, 'Tis Said, Will Be Bryan's Running Mate.

A Chicago dispatch says: Silver Democrats, Populists and Lincoln Republicans have practically agreed on ex-Congressman Charles A. Towne of Minnesota as a running mate for William Jennings Bryan. At a conference leading representatives of these three parties delved into the vice-presidential question and all of them agreed that Mr. Towne was the one man best fitted to run as Mr. Bryan's partner.

The Democratic representatives at the conference were Vice-Chairman J. G. Johnson of the national committee and Daniel J. Campau of Detroit, national committeeman from Michigan. The Populist leaders in attendance were Senator Marion Butler of South Carolina, chairman of the Populist national committee, and Gen. J. B. Weaver of Iowa. Senator Pettigrew of South Dakota and ex-Senator George Dubois of Idaho were present in behalf of the silver Republicans. Ex-Congressman Towne was in the city, but both he and Col. Bryan remained away from the conference.

Recent sanitary reports give the population of Boston as 555,000; Baltimore, 541,000; St. Louis, 623,000; Minneapolis, 225,000; St. Paul, 200,000; Cleveland, 395,000; Philadelphia, 1,260,800; Pittsburg, 320,000; Albany, 100,000; Rochester, 180,000; Buffalo, 370,000.

A "Jack the Ripper" is at work in North Germany. He has recently killed two young women. Their bodies were horribly mutilated.

Cigarette smoking will be forbidden at the Paris exposition.

His Order.

"What else have you got?" asked Cholly, looking languidly over the bill of fare for something to tempt his jaded appetite.

"Well," replied the waitress, "we have hot biscuits, too."

"That'll do," said Cholly, resting his intellect by tossing the bill of fare aside. "Bring me a hot biscuit stew."—Chicago Tribune.

Another Mean Man.

"Stimson is a mean man."

"Why so?"

"He's got a way of keeping his wife from going through his pockets for loose change."

"How's that?"

"He spends it all before he gets home."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

China has prohibited the exportation of pheasant skins in order to stop the slaughter of the birds.

Gained 45 Pounds

"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM—I was very thin and my friends thought I was in consumption.

"Had continual headaches, backache and falling of uterus, and my eyes were affected.

"Every one noticed how poorly I looked and I was advised to take Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"One bottle relieved me, and after taking eight bottles am now a healthy woman; have gained in weight from 95 pounds to 140; everyone asks what makes me so stout."—MRS. A. TOLLE, 1946 Hilton St., Philadelphia, Pa.

Mrs. Pinkham has fifty thousand such letters from grateful women.

Libby's Peerless Wafer Sliced Dried Beef

Try It.

Our Peerless Wafer Sliced Dried Beef is one of our thirty varieties of perfectly packed canned foods and comes to you as fresh, dainty and deliciously flavored as the moment it was sliced. Put up in convenient sized key opening cans. Ask your grocer. If not in stock, he will order it at your request.

Drop a postal for new edition free "How to make good things to eat." Libby, McNeill & Libby, Chicago.

Save the Labels

and write for list of premiums we offer free for them.

HIRES Rootbeer

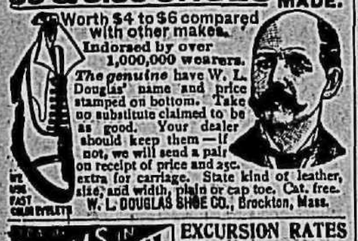
The favorite summer drink



W. L. DOUGLAS $3 & 3.50 SHOES UNION MADE.

Worth $4 to $6 compared with other makes.

Indorsed by over 1,000,000 wearers.



The genuine have W. L. Douglas' name and price stamped on bottom. Take no substitute claimed to be as good. Your dealer should keep them—if not, we will send a pair on receipt of price and 25c. extra for carriage. State kind of leather, size, and width, plain or cap toe. Cat. free. W. L. DOUGLAS SHOE CO., Brockton, Mass.

FARMS IN WESTERN CANADA FREE

EXCURSION RATES to Western Canada and particulars as to how to secure 160 acres of the best Wheat growing land on the Continent, can be secured on application to the Superintendent of Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or the undersigned. Specially conducted excursions will leave St. Paul, Minn., on the 1st and 3d Tuesday in each month, and specially low rates on all lines of railway are being quoted for excursions leaving St. Paul on March 20th and April 6th, for Manitoba, Assiniboia, Saskatchewan and Alberta.

Write to F. Pedley, Supt. Immigration, Ottawa, Canada, or the undersigned, who will mail you atlases, pamphlets, etc., free. C. J. Broughton, 1228 Monadnock Bldg., Chicago, Agt. Gov't of Canada.

ELY'S CREAM BALM Cures CATARRH.

It is placed into the nostrils, spreads over the membrane and is absorbed. Relief is immediate. It is not drying, does not produce sneezing.

Druggists, 50 cts. or by mail.

ELY BROS., 56 Warren St., N.Y.

If afflicted with sore eyes, use **Thompson's Eye Water**

Sympathetic.

"O, doctor," said the voluble patient, "I waked up the other night and—ah, my teeth were chattering, and—ah, I never can account for it and—ah——"

"Purely sympathetic, purely sympathetic, madam. Stop letting your tongue chatter so much and your teeth will come all right."

SEE TO THE WALLS.

A Danger in Schoolrooms and How to Prevent It.

Owing to the gathering of so many different classes of persons therein, the interior walls of churches, school houses, hospitals, etc., are apt to become repositories of disease germs unless preventive measures are taken. These walls should always be coated with a clean and pure cement, such as Alabastine, which is disinfectant in its nature and more convenient to renew and retint than any other wall coating. The first cost is no greater than for inferior work, while renewals are more easily and cheaply made.

Still Would Save It.

Blobbs—Poor Bjones has dyspepsia so badly that he says his life isn't worth living.

Slobbs—But Mrs. Bjones says he insists upon calling in the doctor whenever he has an ache or a pain, all the same.—Philadelphia Record.

A Pretty Booklet.

"The best of everything" is the keynote of the success of The Chicago and Northwestern Railway. In the equipment and furnishings of its magnificent passenger trains the best of everything is sumptuously used for the pleasure and comfort of the traveling public. The literature of the Northwestern line is also in keeping with this well-known motto. The passenger department has recently issued a little brochure describing scenes along the route of the famous electric lighted Northwestern Limited, which is an artistic gem. This little booklet contains a number of elegant half-tone engravings—glimpses of principal cities, nature's freaks and scenes between Chicago and the Twin Cities. It is the latest and handsomest effort of the printers' and engravers' art in modern bookmaking. Four cents in stamps, sent to W. B. Kniskern, 22 Fifth avenue, Chicago, will secure a copy of this beautiful souvenir.

Eclipsed.

Larry—That mon is a freak. He hos wan gray oye, awn wan blue oye.

Denny—Phoy, thot's nuthin'! 'Ofter Cassidey's parthy half ay th' bhoys hod wan blue oye awn wan black oye.

$100 Reward, $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system, thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of Testimonials.

Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Always a La Mode.

"Some people just naturally can't help being stylish."

"That's so; there's Belinda; if she got bitten by a dog it would be sure to be a dachshund."—Chicago Record.

Libby, McNeill & Libby.

Housekeepers frequently feel the need of luncheon meats which are either ready to serve or can be prepared for the table at a moment's notice. Such a need is abundantly supplied in the superior meats put up by the old reliable house of Libby, McNeill & Libby, Chicago, one of whose specialties is advertised in another column of this paper, and their booklet, "How to Make Good Things to Eat," is offered free on application.

Sweet to Hear.

He—I love you more than I can tell you.

She—But, dear, don't ever stop trying to tell me.

What Do the Children Drink?

Don't give them tea or coffee. Have you tried the new food drink called GRAIN-O? It is delicious and nourishing, and takes the place of coffee. The more Grain-O you give the children the more health you distribute through their systems. Grain-O is made of pure grains, and when properly prepared tastes like the choice grades of coffee, but costs about ¼ as much. All grocers sell it. 15c and 25c.

Those Loving Girls.

Hattie—They say young Simkins wants to marry every girl he meets.

Ella—Then why don't you get some one to introduce you?

Free Homesteads in Western Canada

Write for copy of Western Canada and British Columbia pamphlets, which contain useful and accurate information for those seeking new homes.

For pamphlets and further information address J. Francis Lee, General Agent, Pass. Dept., Can. Pac. Ry., 228 S. Clark street, Chicago.

The Proper Term.

The Maid—Marriage is promotion.

The Bachelor—You mean commotion don't you?

Ask Your Dealer for Allen's Foot-Ease, A powder to shake into your shoes. It rests the feet. Cures Corns, Bunions, Swollen, Sore, Hot, Callous, Aching, Sweating feet and Ingrowing Nails. Allen's Foot-Ease makes new or tight shoes easy. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

Wesleyan University at Middletown, Conn., proposes to found an annex for women students.

Piso's Cure cannot be too highly spoken of as a cough cure.—J. W. O'Brien, 322 Third avenue, N., Minneapolis, Minn., Jan. 6, 1900.

Wild horses normally live to the age of 30 years.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for Children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic. 25 cents a bottle.

Count Tolstoi is an enthusiastic cyclist.

METHODISTS AT WORK

QUADRENNIAL CONFERENCE IS BEING HELD IN CHICAGO.

A Large and Notable Assemblage of Christian Workers—Much Important Business to Be Transacted—Measures Which May Mark Innovations.

One of the largest and most notable gatherings of Christian workers ever held assembled in Chicago Wednesday, when the twenty-third delegated general conference of the Methodist Episcopal Church began its session, which will continue throughout the month. About 650 delegates are in attendance, and there is a large representation of laymen. Delegates have come from all parts of the world, including four from Germany, two from Italy, two from Norway, two from Sweden, two from Switzerland, two from Liberia, six from India, four from China, two from Japan, two from Mexico, and two from South America, and the list of laymen embraces many Methodist leaders of distinction and eminence.

The general conference, which is the highest legislative and administrative body of the church, acts on behalf of a constituency of nearly 3,000,000 and an organization embracing nearly 18,000 ministers and 14,000 local preachers. The delegates at the conference naturally include the most able and experienced of church workers, and they came from widely remote regions—from all parts of this country and Canada, from Germany, from Europe and even from the orient.

The work which this body must perform is arduous, and includes, besides the consideration of questions affecting the general policy of the church, the election of bishops and the administration of the immense business involved in the conduct of church finances and the various enterprises in which the church is engaged. This year, moreover, several questions of vital importance and unusual interest will come up for settlement. Some of these contemplate measures which would mark an innovation upon the accepted policy of the church. A new constitution will be considered; the question of "lay equality" has been brought forward; much time and attention probably will be given to the subject of the time limit now placed upon the pastoral term. And among other things the conference is expected to witness a warm debate between the conservative and the liberal elements upon the question of amusements and the advisability of abolishing certain restrictions regarding card playing, dancing and other similar pastimes.

Both on account of the character of the work to be performed and the eminence of the representatives assembled, the sessions of the conference will be of wide general interest by no means confined to the church constituency. The business to be done is as formidably complicated in variety and detail as that transacted in an ordinary session of Congress.

Bishop Merrill Presides.

Bishop Thomas Bowman called the conference to order in the great Auditorium and presided over the half-hour religious service. Then he laid down the gavel and Bishop Merrill, the senior effective bishop, took his place and announced the opening of the business session. David S. Monroe, who has been secretary of four conferences, then called the roll of districts and delegates in alphabetical order.

The provisional delegates were admitted without a contest. There were 157 provisional delegates elected to fill up the disparity in their proportional representation. Only eighty-five, however, responded to the roll call following their admission. The limited lay representation gave the pews 215 votes. Four ministerial delegates were absent. As the roll was made up on the opening day there are 305 preachers and 236 laymen on the regular list.

Without a dissenting vote the conference at its first session ratified the action of the annual conference in extending equal representation to the laity. The pulpit and the pew share equally in the highest governmental body of the Methodist Church. The ministers were more enthusiastic over the loss of their authority than the laymen over their additional powers. The victory was celebrated by singing the doxology. The "Old Hundred" is the battle hymn of the Methodists. It announces the conversion of the penitent at the revival. It is the pean of rejoicing when a church debt has been raised. It is the safety valve of pent-up enthusiasm. It rang through the vaulted chamber of the Chicago Auditorium in a roar that drowned the roll of the organ.

The step taken makes the Methodist Church a democratic body; the rule of the preacher passes with the century. The episcopacy in the church long since has been restricted to a superintendence without any authority beyond the placing of ministers and suggestions to the general and annual conferences.

The bishop's address was read to the conference Thursday. It deals with the state of the church and the progress of the past four years. The committees were announced and organized. All the proposed revisions of the book of discipline, especially those relating to amusements and dress and creation of bishops with limited powers, were initiated Thursday by resolutions that were referred to committees.

News of Minor Note.

Newport is expecting a crush of noble lords of high degree this summer.

Gertrude Despaines, 25, of Chicago, died from ptomaine poisoning, in New York.

Homicides in South Carolina have averaged over 200 a year for the last five years.

Republicans at Boston indorsed Secretary of the Navy Long for the Vice Presidency.

The plague has appeared in the Javarood district of Persia, 195 deaths being reported.

Fifty thousand dollars' worth of automobiles have been shipped to Havana recently.

The torpedo-boat destroyer Farragut will make its first real sea cruise from San Francisco to San Diego.

Because girls devote too much time to gossip, men will replace them as operators in Paris telephone stations.

Atlantic liners leaving New York are by no means crowded, despite predictions of a rush to the Paris exposition.

M. Coquelin and Mme. Bernhardt will tour America, after the Paris exposition, with "Cyrano de Bergerac."

The Tooth-Brush Plant.

One of the most curious plants in the world is what is called the tooth-brush plant of Jamaica. It is a species of creeper, and has nothing particularly striking about its appearance. By cutting pieces of it to a suitable length and fraying the ends, the natives convert it into a toothbrush; and a tooth powder to accompany the use of the brush is also prepared by pulverizing the dead stems.

Try Grain-O! Try Grain-O!

Ask your Grocer to-day to show you a package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The children may drink it without injury as well as the adult. All who try it like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. ¼ the price of coffee. 15c and 25c per package. Sold by all grocers.

A Long Reach.

"Bixby called me a liar last night."

"Did you knock him down?"

"I struck at him, but my blow fell short."

"Couldn't reach him, eh?"

"Nop. It was over the long distance 'phone."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

There are 54,000,000 people in Germany, and the population increases at the rate of 700,000 or 800,000 every 12 months.

Tuckerman's Ravine.

One of the remarkable scenic features of the celebrated White Mountains of New Hampshire is Tuckerman's Ravine, a great gulf in the southerly side of Mount Washington, which is every year spanned by a beautiful "snow arch," or cave of snow, which remains until the latter part of August. The name was conferred upon it in honor of the discoverer, Edward Tuckerman, an enthusiastic explorer of these famous hills.

Too Far.

"I think that my husband carries his business proclivities too far," said Mrs. McBride to Mrs. Darley.

"How so?"

"I had a birthday last week, and he gave me a $20 gold piece. He also asked if I would allow him a discount of 25 per cent if he would give me next year's birthday at the same time. I told him I would do no such thing."

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of *Chas. H. Fletcher*

WHO HEALS THE SICK? HOW? WILLIAMS, BY THE SCIENCE OF ZOISM

WRITE J. H. WILLIAMS, Winchester, Indiana, he has taken Three Full Courses and holds Two Diplomas.

THEREFORE Competent to Give Personal or Absent Treatments or TEACH THE SCIENCE OF - - -

ZOISM OR MAGNETIC HEALING.

"ZONE" is Spiritual Magnetism, and is found in ALL Human Beings. Our bodies are but the "TEMPLE of ZONE," the Spirit: I. Cor. 3: 16 and II. Cor. 6: 16. Yet because of Prejudice, Superstition and Blind Belief, this FORCE has been Dormant and Inactive, but now Awakened and Rapidly becoming the WONDER of the 19th Century. Joel 2: 28, 29, Luke 17: 20, 21, also 13: 18-22 and Matt. 13: 31-34. "ZOE," the Greek form, meaning LIFE FORCE, is a Twin Sister to Electricity, yet greater, for Electricity is FORCE without Intelligence, while "ZONE" is Creative Intelligence; hence the Secret or Wisdom of the HEALER is to Fully Comprehend What it is, How to Obtain, and the mode of Imparting this LIFE FORCE to the NEEDY. Being the Greatest CURATIVE known to the modern mind. Matt. 18: 19 and Mark 16: 15-19. He has a Complete MAIL COURSE. Neatly printed and Handsomely bound, plainly setting forth the work with such simplicity that any one of ordinary ability can quickly grasp the meaning and thus be able to perform the WORK with complete success. Ignorance is not BLISS but BLISTER. Truth makes Us Free, Healthy and Happy. Contemplators, Equip yourselves and Strike while the Iron is RED. Patients Plenty, Healers Few. Business New, Honest and Profitable.

P.S.—For Reply, First Letter, Enclose Stamp.

Cures Talk

Great Fame of a Great Medicine Won by Actual Merit.

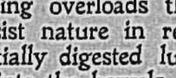
The fame of Hood's Sarsaparilla has been won by the good it has done to those who were suffering from disease. Its cures have excited wonder and admiration. It has caused thousands to rejoice in the enjoyment of good health, and it will do you the same good it has done others. It will expel from your blood all impurities; will give you a good appetite and make you strong and vigorous.

Indigestion—"After suffering six months from indigestion, headache, nervousness and impure blood, I began taking Hood's Sarsaparilla, and when I had taken six bottles I was well." Frank Nolen, Oakland, Ill.

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Is America's Greatest Medicine.

PISO'S CURE FOR CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS. Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists. **CONSUMPTION** 25 CTS.



Sodering outfit same as cut. 1 Sodering Copper, 1 Box Soder, 1 Box Resin. Send 18 cts. for samples. Agents wanted everywhere. R. C. THOMPSON MFG. CO., Box 547, So. Norwalk, Conn.

BIG MONEY IN WALL STREET.

Principal guaranteed, no risk; enormous profits. Write for particulars. E. P. SCHMIDT & CO., Exchange Court Building, New York City.

MUSIC INSTRUCTION BY MAIL.

Most successful method in America; voice and piano; learn to read; get the best; small cost; wonderful results; any age; weekly lessons; circulars free. International Schools, 150 Fifth Avenue, New York.

MONEY MAKES MONEY Investor, large or small, exceptional opportunity to invest on gilt-edged security absolutely against loss. Send stamp, particulars furnished. Nelson & Nelson, Brokers, 100-102 Wall St., N. Y. City.

DROPSY NEW DISCOVERY; gives quick relief & cures worst cases. Book of testimonials and 10 DAYS' treatment FREE. Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, Box B, Atlanta, Ga.

IN writing to Advertisers, please do not fail to mention you saw the Advertisement in this paper.

BILE BLOAT



Puffs under the eyes; red nose; pimple-blotched, greasy face don't mean hard drinking always as much as it shows that there is *BILE IN THE BLOOD.* It is true, drinking and over-eating overloads the stomach, but failure to assist nature in regularly disposing of the partially digested lumps of food that are dumped into the bowels and allowed to rot there, is what causes all the trouble. *CASCARETS* will help nature help you, and will keep the system from filling with poisons, will clean out the sores that tell of the system's rottenness. Bloated by bile the figure becomes unshapely, the breath foul, eyes and skin yellow; in fact the whole body kind of fills up with filth. Every time you neglect to help nature you lay the foundation for just such troubles. *CASCARETS* will carry the poisons out of the system and will regulate you naturally and easily and without gripe or pain. Start to-night—one tablet—keep it up for a week and help the liver clean up the bowels, and you will feel right, your blood will be rich, face look clean, eyes bright. Get a 10c box of *CASCARETS*, take as directed. If you are not cured or satisfied you get your money back. Bile bloat is quickly and permanently

CURED BY Cascarets CANDY CATHARTIC

BEST FOR THE BOWELS

10c. 25c. 50c. ALL DRUGGISTS

To any needy mortal suffering from bowel troubles and too poor to buy *CASCARETS* we will send a box free. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York, mentioning advertisement and paper. 420

BUY A PACKAGE OF *"FRIENDS' OATS,"* AND FIND HOW TO OBTAIN THESE AND MANY MORE VALUABLE PREMIUMS FREE.



The Round Trade Marks are valuable. A complete premium list mailed upon application to

FRIENDS' OATS, Muscatine, Iowa.

BOOKS FOR YOUNG AND OLD.

LADIES GOLD PLATED WATCH.



WATCHES FOR MEN AND BOYS.





Sterling Silver Friendship Hearts, Belt Buckles, also Brooches, etc.



Gent's Stag Handle Pocket Knife, Superior Quality

QUO VADIS.

BANK OF ANTIOCH,

EDWARD BROOK, BANKER

Buy and Sell Exchange, and do a General Banking Business.

WISCONSIN CENTRAL RAILWAY CO.

TIME CARD—Antioch Station.

GOING NORTH

Lv. Chicago.		Ar. at Antioch
8:35 AM	No. 5, Daily ex Sunday	10:48 AM
1:30 PM	No. 7, Daily ex Sunday	3:20 PM
4:00 PM	No. 13, Daily	6:40 PM

GOING SOUTH

Lv. Antioch,		Ar. Chicago.
7:18 AM	No. 14, Daily	10:15 AM
11:15 AM	No. 8, Daily ex. Sunday	1:10 PM
4:25 PM	No. 6, Daily ex Sunday	6:25 PM
9:14 PM	No. 2, Daily	11:05 PM

W. F. ZIEGLER, Agent, Antioch.

Antioch Local News.

A nice little shower of rain fell Monday.

Al. Barnstable was a Chicago visitor Saturday and Sunday.

Postmaster D. A. Williams took in Chicago last Thursday.

Mrs. Hoysradt and Mrs. Farrier spent Saturday in Lake Villa.

Carpenters are at work on the Reis residence in the Johonnott addition.

Monday C. M. Confer left for Peoria as a delegate to the state convention.

Mr. Allen, of Ringwood, visited J C. James, Sr., and A. Crowley, last week.

James Britton was among those from Antioch who took in Chicago Thursday.

Dell Gray visited Antioch relatives and friends a few days during the present week.

Lafayette Allen, of Lake Villa, visited Mr. and Mrs. I. R. Webb, in this city, Saturday.

H. B. Pierce and D. A. Williams took in the congressional convention in Chicago, Saturday.

Mrs. Carrie Hook made her weekly trip to Grayslake Saturday. She has a large class in music there.

Mr. Carlson, of the Columbia Club, Fox Lake, was a caller at our office Tuesday while in Antioch on business

Mr. and Mrs. Frank Mathews arrived home from their visit in Waukegan, Sunday, and report a pleasant time.

Drury & Burnett have done some artistic painting on the front of Hill's drug store which greatly improves its appearance.

Don't forget the supper and bazaar at the Opera House May 18, to be given by the ladies of the Antioch Hillside Cemetery Society. Everybody should attend.

The Waukegan Sun of May 5 contained the delinquent tax list of this county, some 38 columns of it. A pretty good "take," but not quite as large as formerly.

Last week Williams Brothers platted a large subdivision on the north side of town and will have some very fine lots on the market this summer. County Surveyor Anderson did the work of platting.

W. S. Westlake was in Chicago a couple of days last week and attended the congressional convention, which, however, did not organize early enough so that the delegates from this place could remain and vote before train time.

Fay Savage, son of Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Savage, died at the home of his parents, east of town, on Wednesday morning, after a short illness. Fay was about 23 years of age and a young man of exemplary habits. The bereaved family have the sympathy of all.

The first game of base ball of the season was played last Sunday between the Antioch Stars and the Spring Grove Clubs, resulting in a score of 18 to 13 in favor of Antioch. With a few changes in positions and some new material Antioch would show up in her old-time form. Spring Grove has promised to return the game next Sunday, provided they can secure a battery.

At a meeting of Lotus Camp, M. W A., Monday night, one application for membership was received and favorably acted upon. The camp decided to observe Woodman Memorial Day, the third Sunday in June, and a memorial committee consisting of W. R. Williams, H. G. Billett, W. T. Taylor, Will Kelly and J. J. Burke were appointed to make the necessary arrangements to decorate the graves of deceased members of the camp, only two of which since its organization some thirteen years ago, have passed [illegible] unknown world be-[illegible]

EMMONS' DRUG STORE,

Established 1854.

OUR THANKS are offered to our friends and patrons for past favors. We call attention to our new, full and complete stock of pure Drugs and Medicines.

OUR TIME and attention is all given to the Drug Business.

PRESCRIPTIONS and **FAMILY RECIPES** filled with care using the best drugs that money will buy.

OUR MOTTO: No Substitution.

TRUSSES. We recommend the honest John Smith Truss, made by the Smith Company. This is without doubt the best truss in the market. Indorsed and recommended by physicians.

HALL'S INK. No rusting of pens, no mildew Try it. Tablets, Pencils, Penholders, etc., for school use.

MORE LIGHT. Our store is supplied with the Columbian Gas Lamp.

We think it a perfect light—cheaper and very much better than kerosene. We have the agency for this lamp and will be glad to take your orders

COMBS AND HAIR BRUSHES. Call and examine our new Aluminum Combs. Hair Brushes 25c to 75c

HAIR TONIC. We are putting up a Hair Tonic which keeps the hair from falling causing it to grow. We have tried it

CIGARS—Tansill still leads.

We will try and supply your wants if you will call at the

Emmons' Drug Store,
BRICK BLOCK,
Antioch. Ill.

LOTUS CAMP No. 557 M. W. A. meets at 7:30 the first and third Monday evening of every month, in Woodmen hall, Antioch, Illinois. Visiting Neighbors always welcome

J. C. JAMES, JR., V. C.,
C. M. CONFER Clerk.

SEQUOIT LODGE, No. 827, A. F. & A. M., holds regular communications the First and Third Wednesday evenings of every month. Visiting Brethern always welcome.

R. C. HIGGINS, Sec. JOHN WELSH, W. M.

George Duncan made a business trip to Chicago Saturday.

Druggist Hill expects to open his Lake Villa store about the 15th inst.

R. D. Wynn, of Waukegan, was in Antioch Friday and called at THE NEWS office.

Mrs. Mack entertained her mother, Mrs. D. B. Bolston, the forepart of last week.

The first tourist printer of the season struck our office Monday, on his way to Burlington.

Alvin Vickers and George Wallace witnessed the several bouts at Tattersall's Tuesday evening.

Mrs. Dr. Venn and daughter Louise spent Saturday and Sunday at their summer home at Lake Marie.

Judging from the reports in the city papers they are having a hot time in Peoria at the republican convention.

W. S. Westlake is erecting a couple of cottages at Merrywood Point, Lake Marie, for the use of summer residents.

Hugh Brogran visited his son Thos. and wife in Chicago on Friday and Saturday last, returning home Sunday evening.

Fred Shotliff, Ernest Simons and Miss Emma Smart spent Sunday with Miss Nellie Gibbs at her home north of Richmond.

For Rent—The Parker farm house, near Lake Villa. For particulars call on or address J. R. Cribb or Gus. Quedenfield, Lake Villa, Ill. 36w2

Mr. and Mrs. Ernest Roscher and family are now comfortably settled at 6000 Green street, corner 60th street, Chicago, and wish to be remembered through THE NEWS to their many Antioch friends.

If you want the best black ink on the market, try a bottle of Ayling Bros. ink, for sale at THE NEWS office, price 5 cents per bottle. This ink is warranted not to fade, or corrode the pen. Try it. Your money back if you want it. tf

Percy Chinn has secured a baker and now has on hand a full stock of everything in the bakery line. His place of business looks neat and inviting and we trust he will make a success of the business which is one of the requirements of the town.

After a long illness Mrs. Eliza Moore, formerly Miss Eliza Sammons, daughter of J. H. Sammons, passed away at the home of her son-in-law, Raymond Moorehouse on Park avenue, Kenosha, Wis., Sunday morning, May 6. Deceased was well known in Antioch.

A follower of Measels—In many instances a presistent cough follows an attack of measles. In speaking of this Mr. Walker B. Beel, editor of the Elkin (N. C.) Times, says: "Three weeks ago I had an attack of measles which left me with a bad cough. I took several doses of Chamberlain's Cough remedy and the cough has entirely disappeared. I consider Chamberlain's medicines the best on the market." For sale by W. H. Emmons, Antioch; Thomson's Pharmacy, Grayslake.

WILLIAMS BROTHERS

Opening today

...Ladies Dress Goods

Including Black Crepon, French Flannels,
All-Over Lace, both black and white.
All the new shades in Prints and Percales,
New Sanitary Skirting,
Water-proof Skirt Binding,
Latest thing in Ladies' Linen Collars,
Great assortment Ladies' Shirt Waists } latest styles.
Boy's Shirt Waists, good assortment.
Largest assortment of Silks, including elegant Dress Silks and fine lining Silks.
Ladies' Hosiery, all wool.....25c
Fast black's.....15c
Ladies' } Dress Goods, Trimmings, Notions Linings, Trimming Silks, Embroidery Patterns and Silks, Underwear.
Royal Worcester Corsets Buttrick's Patterns; Fashion sheets free } Agency at the Big Store.

Great Shoe Sale In order to reduce our stock, we place on sale this week Ladies' and Children's Shoes at greatly reduced prices; many at less than 25 per cent of cost. Don't miss this opportunity to get great value for your money; they are not strictly the latest style but the quality is all right.

Ladies' Shirt Waists Grand display of Ladies' Shirt Waists. An assortment never before equaled.

Shirts and Sweaters Gents' Shirts and Sweaters in the most attractive patterns. Thousands of Shirts at 50 cents and up. Everyone can be pleased and fitted.

FOREMOST FLOUR 75c. PER SACK

Fresh Bread Every Day.

We want your EGGS. Top prices paid
Our 25-cent coffee is creating a sensation
Bargain Baking Powder only 15 cents. Equal to any 25-cent goods.

We sell
Finest Cal. Prunes and Peaches
The fattest of fat Bananas,
Fine Oranges 15 cents dozen,
Krantz's Confectionery.
Bremner's Cakes and Crackers
Kupfer's Kenosha Crackers,
Monarch Mince Meat, 3 for 25
Best 50-cent Tea.
Best 40-c Tea,
Fresh Roasted Peanuts.
Spanish Shelled Peanuts,
Javanese Coffee 13c, 2lbs for 25
Mixed Nuts 15c lb.
1-lb Red Hot unmatchable Coffee 18 cents, equal to 25-c goods

Pumpkin Pie is Boss, A 3-lb can 10 cents, 3 for 25 cents
Elgin 3-lb can Corn 15c, 2 for 25c
Nothing better in the world to eat every day
D. M. Ferry & Co.'s Seeds in bulk or packages.

WILLIAMS BROS. "BEST" Minnesota Flour per sack, $1.00.

Hibbard Wheels Strictly High Grade. Absolutely the Best. Only $30.
New 1900 Wheels.....25.00
1899 Wheels.....20.00
Agency American Field Fencing.
Agency Union Field Fencing.
Builder's Hardware and Carpenters' Tools.
Farm and Garden Tools.

PAINTS, OILS, BRUSHES, Glass and Putty
100 gallons at 60 cents a gallon
Actually worth $1.25 per gallon.

Wood and Iron Pumps, Lead and Iron Pipe Fittings

Quick Meal Gasoline Stoves and Ranges.

...CLOTHING...

Gents' Shirts, Gents' Underwear.
Duck Coats, Flannel Lined.
Men's and Boy's Sweaters.
Men's and Boy's Hunting Coats, Caps
All in great variety and very Low in Prices.

Best Equipped Tin Shop in the County.

Best Goods at Lowest Prices
AT THE
ANTIOCH : DEPARTMENT : STORE

Spring Stock
Wall Paper

Window Shades:
Spring renewal sale. Stock larger than ever. Popular prices: 10, 30, 50c

Carpets and Oil Cloth
O. W. Richardson & Co.'s carpets. Fine line samples—low prices. Full stock of Oilcloth in piece or patterns.

The Celebrated Malone Pants
$2.00, $3.00 and $3.50
American make, from American wool. Spring and summer weights. You all know their staying qualities.

Those who used these goods will have no other.

Rev. E. J. Aikin attended conference in Chicago this week.

Only 25 cents for supper and a chance to draw the autograph quilt.

Percy Chinn was in Waukegan a few days last week working for W. B. Higley.

John Horan, Sr., has sold to Charles Thorn his house and lot in this city. Consideration $1,250.

All persons having articles for the bazaar please send them to the committee by Wednesday, May 16.

For Rent—A new house in the Harden addition. For particulars address Eldora Horton, Antioch, Ill. 36tf

For Sale—A quantity of Early Rose potatoes, also King Phillip seed corn. C. Phillips, Camp Lake, Wis. 30tf

F. E. Phillips and wife, of Chicago, visited their cousin, Mr. and Mrs. Geo. R. Olcott, during the past few days.

For Rent—A house furnished, also one unfurnished, both in Antioch, also a farm house outside of the village. Enquire at NEWS office. 36tf

Wanted—A young girl of sixteen; strong and willing to assist in kitchen work. Call on Mrs. Walker, Greenacre Farm.

For Rent—A nine room house in the Bock addition with one-half acre lot and small barn. House in good repair. Enquire of R. J. Cubbon, at Williams Bros. 36tf

Be sure and attend the bazaar and supper at the Opera House Friday afternoon and evening, May 18th. Everyone buying a supper ticket gets a ticket on the autograph quilt.

The Libertyville Independent quotes a delegate to the republican state convention as saying if Hanecy is nominated Lake county republicans will bolt him and vote for Carter Harrison if he be the democratic nominee. That fellow must have been talking for himself, or through his hat. Lake county republicans are not built that way.

Preaching service at the M. E. church next Sabbath morning at 10:30, subject, "Songs of the Bible." Sunday school at 11:45. There will be no Epworth League service at 6:30, but an Epworth League anniversary service at 7:45. A good program has been prepared. Special music by the choir.

To Rent—A large, convenient 12-room house, suitable for a boarding house if so desired; will also furnish land for large garden with stable, granery, chicken and hog house, fruit, etc. Is situated near Grass Lake P. O. and not far from Bluff Lake. For terms call on or address C. E. Blunt, Grass Lake, Lake Co., Ill. 21tf

The ladies of the Angola Cemetery society will meet with Mrs. Lucinda Cribb on Tuesday, May 15. Supper 10c. Everyone welcome.

LOTTIE CRIBB, SEC.

Crows Useful.

It is estimated that one crow will destroy 700,000 insects every year.

"DeWitt's Little Early Risers are the finest pills I ever used."—D. J. Moore, Millbrook, Ala. They quickley cure al liver and bowel troubles. Wm. T. Hill.

Queer Endowment.

A church in London still possesses an income originally given to it for the purpose of buying faggots for burning heretics.

"After suffering from piles for fifteen years I was cured by using two boxes of DeWitt's Witch Hazel Salve," writes W. J. Baxter, North Brook, N. C. It heals everything. Beware of counterfeits. Wm. T. Hill.

He Told the Truth.

Employer—How is it, James, that you are so late this morning? Office Boy—I—I—didn't know you were coming so early, sir.—Golden Days.

The easiest and most effective method of purifying the blood and invigorating the system is to take DeWitt's Little Early Risers, the famous little pills for cleaning the liver and bowels. Wm. T. Hill.

Rio Janeiro's English.

The following amusing notice is written in a cemetery at Rio Janeiro in several languages: "Noble mesdames and gentlemen who may desire a dog to follow in this tombyard will not be permission unless him drawn by a cable round him throttle."

W. S. Musser, Millheim, Pa., saved the life of his little girl by giving her One Minute Cough Cure when she was dying from croup. It is the only harmless remedy that gives immediate results. It quickly cures coughs, colds, bronchitis, grippe, asthma and all throat and lung troubles. Wm. T. Hill.

To Overcome Insomnia.

A Swiss physician, Dr. Otto Naegeli, declares that the best way to overcome insomnia is to imitate the breathing of a man who is asleep, and to make the head undergo the various movements to one side and the other which one unconsciously makes while falling asleep in a sitting posture.

Eureka Harness Oil is the best preservative of new leather and the best renovator of old leather. It oils, softens, blackens and protects. Use

Eureka Harness Oil

on your best harness, your old harness, and your carriage top, and they will not only look better but wear longer. Sold everywhere in cans—all sizes from half pints to five gallons. Made by STANDARD OIL CO.

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The Crescent Bicycle,

The Best on the Market.

STANDARD HIGH GRADE, LOW IN PRICE.

A full line of Sundries in stock.

Bicycle, Gun, Lock and General Repairs

ALL WORK GUARANTEED.
Prices Right.

WM. KELLY,
Antioch, Ill.

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LAND AND FARMS, TIMBER AND STONE, IRON AND COAL, LABOR—EVERYTHING

Free sites, financial assistance, and freedom from taxation, for the manufacturer.

Land and farms at $1.00 per acre and upwards, and 500,000 acres in West Florida that can be taken gratis under U. S. Homestead laws.

Stock-raising in the Gulf Coast District will make enormous profits.

Half fare Excursions the First and Third Tuesdays of each month.

Let us know what you want, and we will tell you where and how to get it—but don't delay, as the country is filling up rapidly.

Printed matter, maps and all information free.

Address, R. J. WEMYSS,
General Immigration and Industrial Agent,
LOUISVILLE, KY.

We have just received a line of the Famous Standard **Blue Flame**

Oil Stoves,

Both Wick and Wickless.

CALL AND EXAMINE THEM AND Get Our Prices before looking elsewhere.

Now is the time to
FEED YOUR STOCK
PRATT'S : FOOD,
before turning into pasture. Also the Poultry Food to your CHICKENS. It makes them grow fat and prevents Cholera and all other diseases.

WE WANT YOUR BUTTER AND EGGS

Hoyt & Vickers,
ANTIOCH.



Can be Saved!
—OR—
Extracted Painlessly....

ALL WORK GUARANTEED.

G. R. OLCOTT,
DENTIST. Antioch, Ill.

CLOSING SALE OF
Farm Implement Extras!

Gauge Wheel for wood beam plow	$1.50
Pair Hilling Shovels for Blue Jeans Cultivator	.75
Tin Coulter	.80
Wood Center and 5 Spring-teeth for Blue Jeans Cultivator	3.00
Steel Center, 3 Spring-teeth for Blue Jeans Cultivator	2.50
2 Dutton Sickle Grinders, each	3.00
5 Plates for 1-horse Cultivator, each	.15

A. G. WATSON, Antioch.

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